

CFi Xerox 700 Digital Color Press with Integrated Fiery® Color Server



Color Printing

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CONTENTS 3

CONTENTS

NTRODUCTION	
Terminology and conventions	7
About this document	8
Key features of ColorWise	9
DLORWISE PRO TOOLS	10
About this chapter	11
Setting up ColorWise Pro Tools on a Windows computer	11
Installing ColorWise Pro Tools	11
Installing the ICC profiles	12
Configuring the connection	13
Editing the configuration	15
Setting up ColorWise Pro Tools on a Mac OS computer	15
Installing ColorWise Pro Tools on a Mac OS computer	15
Installing the ColorSync profiles	16
Configuring the connection	17
Editing the configuration	19
Using ColorWise Pro Tools	20
Using Calibrator	20
Using Color Editor	20
Using Profile Manager	25
Using Spot-On	30
Using Color Setup	31

CONTENTS 4

LIBRATION	34
About this chapter	35
Calibrating with ColorWise Pro Tools Calibrator	30
Starting Calibrator	36
Expert mode	37
Applying measurements to multiple calibration sets	39
Restoring default calibration measurements	39
Calibrating with ColorCal	40
Calibrating with the DTP32 or DTP32 Series II	44
Calibrating with the DTP41	47
Calibrating with the ES-1000	51
Calibrating from the digital press control panel	55
Calibrating with ColorCal	55
Understanding calibration	57
An overview of calibration	57
How calibration works	58
Scheduling calibration	59
Checking calibration status	60
ot-On	61
Using Spot-On	61
Starting Spot-On	62
Spot-On main window	63
Working with existing colors	64
Creating custom colors	60
Downloading custom color groups	67
Uploading custom color groups	68
Editing color values	69
Using a measurement instrument to target colors	73
Reverting default colors to factory settings	74
Saving changes and exiting Spot-On	74

CONTENTS 5

Spot-On with Substitute Colors	75
Creating a color for substitution	75
Defining the color values for a substitute color	76
Printing a job with a substitute color	79
Substitute Color dialog box	81
Principles for Substitute Colors	82
Uploading and downloading a substitute color group	84
ORWISE PRINT OPTIONS	85
About this chapter	85
Managing color on the Integrated Fiery Color Server	86
ColorWise print options	88
Auto Trapping	88
Black Detection	88
Black Overprint	89
Black Text/Graphics	90
CMYK Simulation Profile	91
CMYK Simulation Method	92
Combine Separations	93
Composite Overprint	94
Output Profile	95
Print Gray using Black Only	96
Rendering Styles	97
RGB Separation	98
RGB Source Profile	98
Spot Color Matching	100
Substitute Colors	101
Use PDF/X Output Intent	101
Printer drivers and print options	102
Setting print options for Windows	102
Setting color management print options for Mac OS	105
Using Expert Color Settings to enable Device Link Profiles	107

CONTENTS		

IMPORTING DENSITY MEASUREMENTS	109
Simple ASCII Import File Format	109
Example of 1D Status T density for EFI 21 patch page	110
Example of 1D Status T density for EFI 34 patch page	110
Example of 1D Status T density for an arbitrary page	111
INDEX	113

Introduction 7

INTRODUCTION

This document explains how to manage color output on the Xerox 700 Digital Color Press with Integrated Fiery Color Server and provides information about calibration and color profiles.

This document is part of a set of documentation that includes documentation for users and system administrators. For a complete description of your Xerox 700 Digital Color Press with Integrated Fiery Color Server, see the other manuals available at your site.

For more information about supported operating systems and system requirements, see *Welcome*.

Terminology and conventions

This document uses the following terminology and conventions.

Term or convention	Refers to
Aero	Integrated Fiery Color Server (in illustrations and examples)
Command WorkStation	Command WorkStation, Windows Edition and Command WorkStation, Macintosh Edition
Digital press	Xerox 700 Digital Color Press
Integrated Fiery Color Server	Xerox 700 Digital Color Press with Integrated Fiery Color Server
Mac OS	Apple Mac OS X
Titles in italics	Other books in this documentation set
Windows	Microsoft Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista
7	Topics for which additional information is available by starting Help in the software
~	Tips and information
\triangle	Important information
A	Important information about issues that can result in physical harm to you or others

Introduction 8

About this document

This document is organized to supply you with key information about managing the color output of your Integrated Fiery Color Server.

This document covers the following topics:

- Installing and configuring ColorWise Pro Tools.
- Using Color Editor, Profile Manager, and Color Setup.
- Overview of calibration and description of how to calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server using various ColorWise Pro Tools Calibrator methods.
- Using Spot-On to manage spot colors.
- Setting ColorWise print options from Windows and Mac OS computers.
- Descriptions of Simple ASCII File Format (SAIFF), which can be used to import toner density measurements from measurement devices.

Note: The *Glossary* defines words in bold, for example, **output profile**, that appear throughout this manual. Color terms and concepts, such as "color space," "spot color," "gamut," and "source profile," are used throughout this manual. If you are new to desktop color, or if any terms are unfamiliar, see the *Glossary*.

Introduction 9

Key features of ColorWise

ColorWise is the color management system (CMS) built into the Integrated Fiery Color Server and designed to provide both casual and expert users with the best color output for a variety of purposes. The ColorWise default settings provide high-quality, out-of-box color from many Windows and Mac OS applications. This allows casual users to achieve quality output without knowing about or changing any color settings on the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

For consistent color, calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server on a regular basis. ColorWise Pro Tools includes an easy-to-use calibrator, which allows you to calibrate using either the scanning unit that is part of the digital press or an optional **spectrophotometer** or **densitometer** (see "Calibration" on page 34).

ColorWise features allow you to modify printing results. Depending on your particular needs, you can:

- Set the behavior of CMYK printing to emulate DIC, Euroscale, SWOP, and other offset press standards.
- Match PANTONE and other **spot colors** for the best match when printing using four-color press conditions or presses with extra, custom plates.
- Select a color rendering dictionary (CRD), also called a rendering style, for RGB printing.
 CRDs allow for rich, saturated printing of presentation graphics, smooth, accurate
 printing of photographs, and relative or absolute colorimetric rendering for specialized
 needs.
- Define the source of incoming RGB color data for better color conversion of RGB data with no source information.
- Determine whether RGB data is converted into the full gamut of the digital press or is first
 converted into the gamut of another device, such as a press standard. This feature is useful
 for making one device behave like another for RGB data. It also allows you to evaluate the
 appearance of an RGB file under different printing conditions without having to convert
 the RGB file to CMYK first.

ColorWise color management (ColorWise) offers an open color architecture, allowing users to customize the Integrated Fiery Color Server to meet new printing needs as they arise. ColorWise supports ICC profiles, which are industry standard color profiles that describe the color behavior of a device. Note that ICC specification version 4 profiles (profile version 4.2.0.0) are supported as well as version 2. Downloading ICC profiles to the Integrated Fiery Color Server enables the Integrated Fiery Color Server to simulate a custom press (or another digital press), as well as accurately print colors from a particular monitor or scanner. In addition, you can create customized ICC profiles for the digital press.

ColorWise also allows you to use any **Status** T densitometer by importing data in a standard file format (see "Importing Density Measurements" on page 109). In this case, it is important to note that the quality of the instrument used determines the quality of the **calibration**.

COLORWISE PRO TOOLS 10

COLORWISE PRO TOOLS

The ColorWise default settings provide high-quality out-of-box color from many Windows and Mac OS applications. This allows casual users to achieve quality output without knowing about or changing color settings on the Integrated Fiery Color Server. The ColorWise color management system (CMS) also allows expert users to obtain the best color output. ColorWise Pro Tools allows users to customize settings to achieve the best output for a variety of purposes.

Designed to give flexible control of color printing, ColorWise Pro Tools includes the following color management tools:

- Calibrator (calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server in various ways)
- Color Editor (customize simulation and output profiles)
- Profile Manager (manage profiles)
- Spot-On (define CMYK equivalents for spot colors)
- Color Setup (set defaults for ColorWise print options)

About this chapter

This chapter describes the procedures for installing, configuring, and using ColorWise Pro Tools on Windows and Mac OS computers.

Platform	To do this	See
Windows	Install ColorWise Pro Tools	page 11
	Install the ICC profiles	page 12
	Configure the connection	page 13
	Modify the configuration	page 15
Mac OS	Install ColorWise Pro Tools	page 15
	Install the ColorSync profiles	page 16
	Configure the connection	page 17
	Modify the configuration	page 19
Windows and Mac OS	Use Calibrator	page 20
	Use Color Editor	page 20
	Use Profile Manager	page 25
	Use Spot-On	page 30
	Use Color Setup	page 31

Setting up ColorWise Pro Tools on a Windows computer

The following sections describe how to install ColorWise Pro Tools and other files and configure the connection on a Windows computer.

Installing ColorWise Pro Tools

All installation of user software on a Windows computer is done through the Fiery User Software Installer. The procedures in *Utilities* describe installing from the User Software DVD.

To use ColorWise Pro Tools on a Windows computer, you must install Sun Java 5 or 6. If this file is not installed on your computer, the ColorWise Pro Tools installer automatically initiates the installation process. Follow the on-screen instructions.

Installing the ICC profiles

You can copy additional ICC profiles from the User Software DVD to your computer. Use the ICC profiles with applications that support ICC standards, such as Adobe Photoshop. For most ICC-aware applications, you must install the files in a folder named Color. For use with ColorWise Pro Tools, copy the files to a folder of your choice.

TO INSTALL THE ICC PROFILES ON A WINDOWS COMPUTER FROM THE USER SOFTWARE DVD

- 1 Insert the User Software DVD into the DVD drive.
- 2 Open the ICC folder.
- 3 Right-click the profile that you want, and then click Install Profile.

The profiles are installed automatically to the Windows\System32\spool\drivers\color folder (Windows XP/Server 2003/Vista) or WINNT\System32\spool\drivers\color folder (Windows 2000) on your computer.

Color files

You can copy additional color files from the User Software DVD. Many of the files are PostScript files that you can import and print using Command WorkStation.

Windows Color Files folder **CMYK Color Reference.ps:** An 11-page, Letter-size PostScript file used for reference when defining CMYK colors in applications.

PANTONE Book.ps: A 20-page, Letter-size PostScript file that indicates the closest equivalent of PANTONE coated colors that the Integrated Fiery Color Server and your digital press model can produce. The method used to print the PANTONE Book.ps file differs depending on the Spot Color Matching setting. For more information, see "Spot Color Matching" on page 100.

RGB page 01.doc: A Microsoft Word file you can print to view available RGB colors.

RGB page **02.ppt:** A Microsoft PowerPoint file you can print to view available RGB colors.

Color Bars folder (inside the Windows Color Files folder) FieryColorBar.eps: Can be used to print a color control bar.

COLORWISE PRO TOOLS 13

PS Files folder (inside the Windows Color Files\Calibration Files folder)

Custom21.ps, Custom34.ps, Standard21.ps, and Standard34.ps:

PostScript files of color patches for obtaining measurements.

The numbers in the file names refer to the number of patches on the page. The Custom files allow you to download measurement patches that incorporate the current calibration set of the digital press. The Standard files allow you to download standard measurement patches that bypass the current calibration set of the digital press.

NOTE: These files are provided for expert users and should not be used for day-to-day calibration.

Halftone Calibration Files folder (inside the Windows Color Files\Calibration Files folder) Images of measurement pages for various calibration instruments and page sizes, used for calibrating the Integrated Fiery Color Server for different halftone screens. Files are provided for Adobe Photoshop and for other applications.

NOTE: For the X-Rite DTP32 Series II densitometer, use the calibration file for the X-Rite DTP32 densitometer.

Configuring the connection

The first time you start ColorWise Pro Tools, you must configure the connection to the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

BEFORE YOU BEGIN

• Print the Configuration page and note the IP address of the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

For instructions on printing the Configuration page, see Configuration and Setup.

This page contains information you need when configuring the connection, such as the IP address. For TCP/IP installations, you can use the Domain Name Server (DNS) name of the Integrated Fiery Color Server instead of the IP address. Make sure the Integrated Fiery Color Server is listed in a DNS used by your network. For more information, see the documentation that accompanies your Windows system.

TO CONFIGURE THE CONNECTION FOR COLORWISE PRO TOOLS

- 1 Start ColorWise Pro Tools.
- 2 If the Choose Printer Device dialog box appears, click Add.
- 3 Enter the appropriate information for the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

Nickname: Type a name for the Integrated Fiery Color Server. This name does not have to match the actual Server Name of the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

Note: The nickname cannot contain a Tab character.

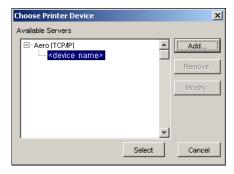
Server Name or Server IP address: Type the IP address (or DNS name) of the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

New Device: Type a device name for the Integrated Fiery Color Server.



- 4 When you have typed all the information, click Add.
- 5 With the device name selected in the Devices list, click OK.

The Integrated Fiery Color Server appears in the list of Available Servers. The first line of the entry displays the nickname you assigned the Integrated Fiery Color Server, followed by the protocol. The second line displays the device name.



COLORWISE PRO TOOLS 15

- 6 With the device name selected in the list of Available Servers, click Select.
- 7 If you are prompted for the server password, type the password and click Login.

The ColorWise Pro Tools main window appears.

Editing the configuration

Edit the configuration whenever a change to your Integrated Fiery Color Server or network occurs, such as a server name or IP address change. Change the specific Integrated Fiery Color Server Setup information before you configure the connection.

TO EDIT THE CONFIGURATION

- 1 To add a new Integrated Fiery Color Server, click Add. Configure the Add New Server dialog box as outlined in steps 3 through 5 in the previous procedure.
- 2 To remove a Integrated Fiery Color Server, select the Integrated Fiery Color Server by its nickname and click Remove.
- 3 To modify information, select the Integrated Fiery Color Server by its nickname and click Modify. Edit the information in the Modify Server Settings dialog box and click OK.

The list of Available Servers reflects your modifications.

Setting up ColorWise Pro Tools on a Mac OS computer

The following sections describe how to install ColorWise Pro Tools and other files and configure the connection on a Mac OS computer.

Installing ColorWise Pro Tools on a Mac OS computer

You can install ColorWise Pro Tools from the User Software DVD.

Before you begin each installation, determine where you want to install each item on your hard disk. Otherwise, the software is placed in the "Fiery" folder by default.

TO INSTALL COLORWISE PRO TOOLS ON A MAC OS COMPUTER FROM THE USER SOFTWARE DVD

- 1 Insert the User Software DVD into the DVD drive.
- 2 Browse to the folder for your operating system.
- 3 Double-click the ColorWise Pro Tools installer icon.
- 4 Follow the on-screen instructions.
- 5 If prompted, click Quit to close the installer.

Installing the ColorSync profiles

You can copy additional color files from the User Software DVD. Use the ICC profiles with applications that support ICC standards, such as Photoshop. For most ICC-aware applications, you must install the files in a folder named Profiles in the Library: ColorSync folder. For use with ColorWise Pro Tools, you can copy the files to a folder of your choice.

TO INSTALL THE COLORSYNC PROFILES ON A MAC OS COMPUTER FROM THE USER SOFTWARE DVD

- 1 Insert the User Software DVD into the CD-ROM drive.
- 2 Open the ColorSync folder.
- 3 Copy the profiles into Library: ColorSync: Profiles.

Note: You must be logged in as an administrator.

After you install the ColorSync files, see the ColorSync documentation for setting ColorSync profiles, such as EFIRGB.

Color files

You can copy additional color files from the User Software DVD. Many of the files are PostScript files that you can import and print using Command WorkStation.

Mac Color Files folder **CMYK Color Reference.ps:** An 11-page, Letter-size PostScript file to use for reference when defining CMYK colors in applications.

PANTONE Book.ps: A 20-page, Letter-size PostScript file that indicates the closest equivalent of PANTONE coated colors that the Integrated Fiery Color Server and your particular digital press model can produce. The method used to print the PANTONE Book.ps file differs depending on the Spot Color Matching setting. For more information, see "Spot Color Matching" on page 100.

RGB page 01.doc: A Microsoft Word file you can print to view available RGB colors.

RGB page 02.ppt: A Microsoft PowerPoint file you can print to view available RGB colors.

Color Bars folder (inside the Mac Color Files folder) **FieryColorBar.eps:** Can be used to print a color control bar.

PS Files folder (inside the Mac Color Files: Calibration Files folder) Custom21.ps, Custom34.ps, Standard21.ps, and Standard34.ps:

PostScript files of color patches for obtaining measurements.

The numbers in the file names refer to the number of patches on the page. The Custom files allow you to download measurement patches that incorporate the currently installed calibration set. The Standard files allow you to download standard measurement patches that bypass the currently installed calibration set.

NOTE: These files are provided for expert users and should not be used for day-to-day calibration.

Halftone Calibration Files folder (inside the Mac Color Files: Calibration Files folder) Images of measurement pages for various calibration instruments and page sizes, used for calibrating the Integrated Fiery Color Server for different halftone screens. Files are provided for Adobe Photoshop and for other applications.

NOTE: For the X-Rite DTP32 Series II densitometer, use the calibration file for the X-Rite DTP32 densitometer.

Configuring the connection

The first time you start ColorWise Pro Tools, you must configure the connection to the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

NOTE: ColorWise Pro Tools is supported only over TCP/IP networks.

BEFORE YOU BEGIN

• Print the Configuration page and note the IP address of the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

For instructions on printing the Configuration page, see *Configuration and Setup*.

This page contains information you need when you configure the connection. For TCP/IP installations, you can use the Domain Name Server (DNS) name of the Integrated Fiery Color Server instead of the IP address. Make sure the Integrated Fiery Color Server is listed in a DNS used by your network. For more information, see the documentation that accompanies your Macintosh system.

TO CONFIGURE THE CONNECTION FOR COLORWISE PRO TOOLS

1 Double-click the ColorWise Pro Tools icon.

The Choose Printer Device dialog box appears.



2 If the No Servers Configured dialog box appears, click OK. If the Choose Printer Device dialog box appears, click Add.



3 Enter the appropriate information for the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

Nickname: Type a name for the Integrated Fiery Color Server. It does not have to match the actual server name of the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

Note: The nickname cannot contain a Tab character.

Server name or Server IP address: Type the IP address (or DNS or host name) of the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

New Device: Type a device name for the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

4 When you have typed all the information, click Add.

COLORWISE PRO TOOLS 19

5 With the device name selected in the Devices list, click OK.

The Integrated Fiery Color Server appears in the list of Available Servers. The first line of the entry displays the nickname you assigned the Integrated Fiery Color Server, followed by the protocol. The second line displays the device name.



6 With the device name selected in the list of Available Servers, click Select.

The ColorWise Pro Tools main window appears.

Editing the configuration

Edit the configuration whenever a change to your Integrated Fiery Color Server or network occurs, such as a server name or IP address change. Change the specific Integrated Fiery Color Server Setup information before you configure the connection.

TO EDIT THE CONFIGURATION

- 1 To add a new Integrated Fiery Color Server, click Add. Configure the Add Server dialog box as outlined in steps 3 through 5 in the previous procedure.
- 2 To remove a Integrated Fiery Color Server, select the Integrated Fiery Color Server by its nickname and click Remove.
- 3 To modify information, select the Integrated Fiery Color Server by its nickname and click Modify. Edit information in the Modify Server Settings dialog box and click OK.

The list of Available Servers reflects your modifications.

COLORWISE PRO TOOLS 20

Using ColorWise Pro Tools

ColorWise Pro Tools gives you flexible control of color printing by allowing you to calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server, customize simulation and output profiles, manage profiles on the Integrated Fiery Color Server, manage spot colors, and set default values for ColorWise print options.

Using Calibrator

ColorWise Pro Tools Calibrator allows you to calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server using one of a number of measurement methods. For information about calibrating the Integrated Fiery Color Server, see page 34.

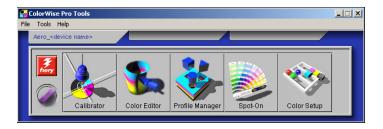
Using Color Editor

ColorWise Pro Tools Color Editor allows you to create custom profiles by editing existing simulation or output profiles, and then saving the changes as a new profile. Use Color Editor to fine-tune a profile on the Integrated Fiery Color Server to meet your exact specifications. Access Color Editor directly, by clicking its icon in the ColorWise Pro Tools main window, or indirectly, through the Profile Manager.

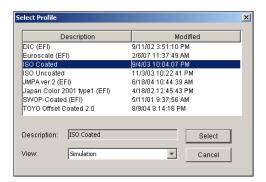
NOTE: You cannot edit source profiles. Only simulation and output profiles can be customized.

TO USE COLOR EDITOR

1 Start ColorWise Pro Tools and connect to the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

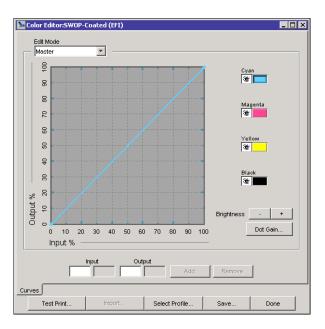


2 Click Color Editor.



Simulation lists the simulation profiles resident on the Integrated Fiery Color Server. Output lists the output profiles resident on the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

3 Select a profile and click Select.





For more information about Color Editor, see the Color Editor section of ColorWise Pro Tools Help.

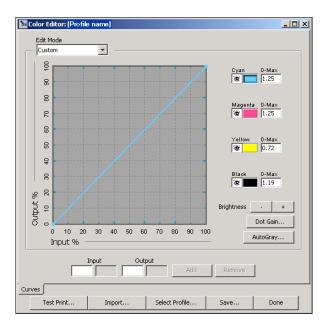
Adjusting gray balance

The AutoGray feature allows you to use the digital press's built-in scanner as a measurement device for adjusting the gray balance of output profiles. Gray balance refers to the quality of neutral gray tones in a profile. In many cases, gray tones may contain a bluish or reddish color cast. AutoGray helps shift these tones back toward neutral grays. If you are satisfied with the gray balance of the digital press, you do not need to use AutoGray.

TO CORRECT THE GRAY BALANCE OF AN OUTPUT PROFILE

- 1 Start ColorWise Pro Tools and click Color Editor.
- 2 Choose Output from the View list.
- 3 Select a profile to edit and click Select.

Or, you can open the Profile Manager, select a profile, and then click Edit, which starts Color Editor.



- 4 Choose Custom from the Edit Mode menu.
- 5 Click AutoGray.

6 If the output profile contains no edit points, continue to step 8. If the output profile contains edit points from a previous AutoGray session, choose Refine or New.



Refine reuses edits points from a previous session in an attempt to make them more accurate. Refine is optional; use it only if the gray balance in your test document still needs improvements after the first AutoGray session. If two Refine applications cannot fix the situation, it is probably because your test document is not correctly addressing the output profile, or because the output profile that you are editing does not adequately describe the actual digital press and printing conditions. Applying Refine more than twice is not recommended.

New starts a new AutoGray session by first removing all edit points from a previous session. New is recommended when you have performed more than two Refine applications.

7 If the output profile contains edit points that were entered by a user, choose Proceed to remove the points and continue with the AutoGray adjustment.

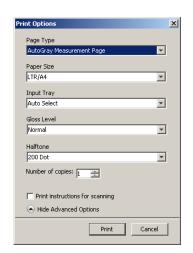
Proceed starts a fresh AutoGray session by first removing all user edit points. This is because AutoGray cannot modify user-entered points.



8 In the Print Options dialog box that appears, choose the Input Tray to use for the measurement page.

The Page Type is automatically set to AutoGray Measurement Page.

The Paper Size is automatically set to LTR/A4.



9 Click Show Advanced Options if you want to set the Gloss Level and Halftone options.

10 To print the instructions page as well as the measurement page, select Print instructions for scanning.

Clear this option if you already have the instructions page.

- 11 Click Print to print the measurement page.
- 12 Retrieve the measurement page and instruction page from the copier.
- 13 Follow the instructions in the instruction page and on the screen for placing the Kodak Gray Scale strip and the AutoGray measurement page on the digital press glass and initiating the scan.

Messages display the progress of the gray balance adjustment.

14 When the adjustment is complete, click OK.

Color Editor displays the adjusted output profile curve. New edit points have been inserted by AutoGray to modify the gray balance, in much the same way an expert user would have done manually.

- 15 To make edits to the output profile curve, click AutoGray again.
- 16 Choose Refine to fine-tune the curve, or New to acquire a new curve for editing.

For more information about these steps, see page 23.

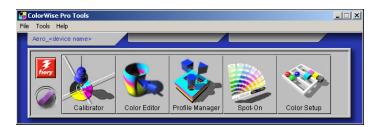
- 17 To accept the AutoGray adjustment and save the results as a new profile, click Save.
- 18 Click Done to close Color Editor.

Using Profile Manager

ColorWise Pro Tools Profile Manager allows you to manage and edit ICC profiles.

TO USE PROFILE MANAGER

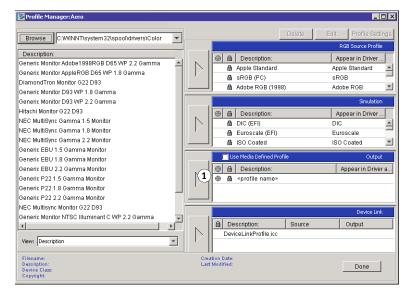
1 Start ColorWise Pro Tools and connect to the Integrated Fiery Color Server.



2 Click Profile Manager.

The Profile Manager window appears.

1 Output profiles



3 Click any profile to select it.

Information about the profile, such as its creation date and ICC specification version, appears at the bottom of the window. Note that ICC specification version 4 profiles (profile version 4.2.0.0) are supported, as well as version 2.



For more information about Profile Manager, see the Profile Manager section of ColorWise Pro Tools Help.

For information about the Use Media Defined Profile option, see "Using media-defined output profiles" on page 26.

For more information about using Device Link Profiles, see page 26.

Setting the default profiles

Use Profile Manager to set a default RGB source profile, simulation profile, or output profile. The default RGB source and simulation profiles that you set are applied to all print jobs sent to the Integrated Fiery Color Server, unless you override them using print options. The same is true of the default output profile that you set, unless you select the Use Media Defined Profile option.

The Use Media Defined Profile option indicates whether or not to automatically apply the output profile associated with the media type used in a print job. For more information, see the following section.

Using media-defined output profiles

Instead of having Profile Manager apply a default output profile to all your print jobs, you can keep the Use Media Defined Profile option selected. This option automatically applies the output profile predefined for the media type in your print job. If your job contains mixed media, this option can apply different output profiles predefined for the different media.

TO USE MEDIA-DEFINED OUTPUT PROFILES

- 1 Start ColorWise Pro Tools and click Profile Manager.
- 2 Select Use Media Defined Profile in the Output bar of Profile Manager.

Changing the setting for the Use Media Defined Profile option in Profile Manager automatically changes the same setting in Color Setup. For more information, see "Using Color Setup" on page 31.

About Device Link Profiles

The Integrated Fiery Color Server supports the use of Device Link Profiles. A Device Link Profile describes the conversion from one color space to another. Device Link Profiles are restrictive because they define the complete conversion from a source device to a destination device. When you print using a Device Link Profile, you do not choose a source profile or an output profile because the Device Link Profile specifies both. ColorWise supports two kinds of Device Link Profiles: RGB source to CMYK destination and CMYK source to CMYK destination.

A Device Link Profile bypasses most ColorWise color management because the information needed to convert from the source to destination is fully contained in a Device Link Profile.

To create a Device Link Profile, use profile-generating software such as EFI Color Profiler Suite.

NOTE: Depending on your job's workflow, you may not need to use Device Link Profiles.

Installing Device Link Profiles

If you are an administrator, you can download Device Link Profiles to the Integrated Fiery Color Server using Profile Manager. You must associate a Device Link Profile with the following settings:

- An RGB Source Profile or a CMYK Simulation Profile setting and
- An Output Profile setting

The Device Link Profile is enabled when these two settings are selected.

You can enable a Device Link Profile in three locations:

- In ColorWise Pro Tools Color Setup, select the default settings for RGB Source Profile, CMYK Simulation Profile, and Output Profile. These settings apply to all jobs unless overridden for a particular job.
- Use Expert Color Settings in the Integrated Fiery Color Server printer drivers to select the settings for RGB Source Profile, CMYK Simulation Profile, and Output Profile when you print a job.
- Use Command WorkStation Job Properties to override the settings for RGB Source Profile, CMYK Simulation Profile, and Output Profile for a specific job.

For more information about enabling Device Link Profiles using Color Setup, see page 32. For more information about enabling Device Link Profiles using Expert Color Settings in the Integrated Fiery Color Server printer driver see page 107.

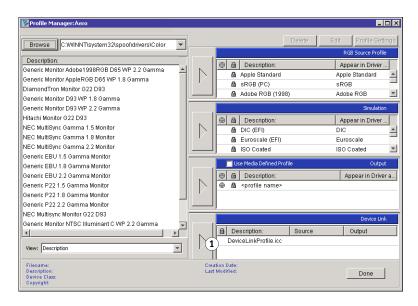
TO DOWNLOAD DEVICE LINK PROFILES USING PROFILE MANAGER

- 1 In Profile Manager, if you do not see the Device Link Profile in the Description list, select the folder that contains the Device Link Profile by clicking Browse in the upper-left corner.
- 2 Click OK to add the folder contents to the Description list.

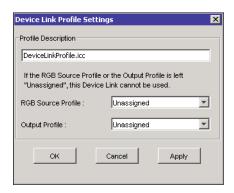
The Device Link Profile is added to the Description list.

3 To add the Device Link Profile to the Device Link panel, select the Device Link Profile in the Description list and click the green arrow pointing to the Device Link panel.

1 Device Link Panel



The Device Link Profile Settings dialog box appears. To assign settings, see the following procedure.



Assigning Device Link Profile settings

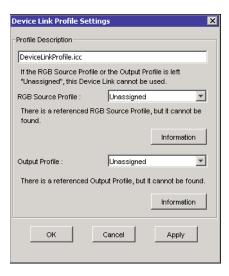
The following Device Link Profile Settings dialog box images depict an RGB Source profile description. If you use a CMYK Simulation profile, the screen will reflect a CMYK Simulation profile description instead of an RGB Source profile description.

TO ASSIGN DEVICE LINK PROFILE SETTINGS

1 After you download the Device Link Profile using Profile Manager and add it to the Device Link Profile panel, select the source and output profiles for this Device Link Profile in the Device Link Profile Settings dialog box.

If the Device Link Profile already has a source and output referenced, the Output and Source Profiles automatically appear.

If the source or output profile referenced in the Device Link Profile is not found on the Integrated Fiery Color Server, the source profile will show "Unassigned" and a message appears, stating that the source or output profile cannot be found.



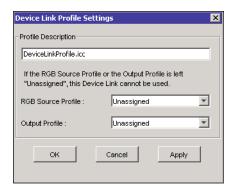
Click Information to find out more about the missing profile.

If you install the source or output profile to the Integrated Fiery Color Server that matches the missing profile referenced in the Device Link Profile, the "Unassigned" setting is automatically updated.

NOTE: If the source or output setting is unassigned, the Device Link Profile cannot be used. You must assign settings.

COLORWISE PRO TOOLS 30

2 If the Device Link Profile does not have a source or output assigned, select a Profile Description name, and the source and output profiles for the Device Link Profile.



3 When you are finished assigning settings to the Device Link Profile, click OK.

Modifying Device Link Profiles

To modify the Device Link Profile settings, use the following procedure.

TO MODIFY DEVICE LINK PROFILE SETTINGS

1 Double-click the Device Link Profile in the Device Link panel.

The Device Link Profiles Settings dialog box appears.

- 2 Enter the new Source and Output profiles.
- 3 Click Apply and then click OK.

NOTE: You cannot edit the Device Link Profile in ColorWise Pro Tools. You must use the application that was used to create the Device Link Profile.

Using Spot-On

Spot-On allows you to adjust and manage lists of spot colors and their CMYK equivalents. The matching lists of spot colors and CMYK values are known as Spot Color Dictionaries. Spot-On allows you to maintain multiple Spot Color Dictionaries for each output profile on the Integrated Fiery Color Server. For more information about Spot-On, see page 61.

Using Color Setup

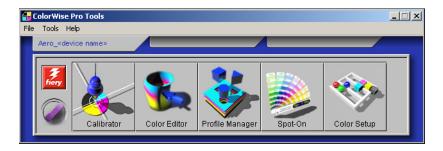
ColorWise Pro Tools Color Setup allows you to set the default values for the ColorWise print options and print settings for the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

These settings are applied to all print jobs sent to the Integrated Fiery Color Server, unless a user overrides them for an individual job by changing settings in the printer driver. These default settings can also be overridden using Command WorkStation. In addition, the defaults set in Color Setup are automatically reflected in other Integrated Fiery Color Server tools that list default settings.

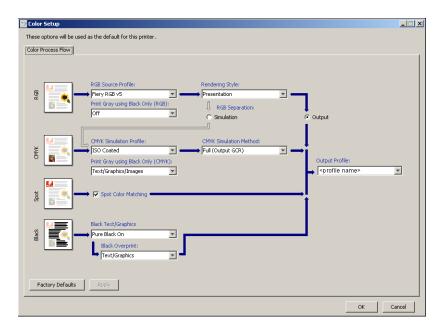
The options in Color Setup are arranged in a pattern representing the flow of color processing that takes place on the Integrated Fiery Color Server. To reset the Integrated Fiery Color Server to its factory default settings, click Factory Default in the lower-left corner of the Color Setup window.

TO USE COLOR SETUP

1 Start ColorWise Pro Tools and connect to the Integrated Fiery Color Server.



2 Click Color Setup.



Using Color Setup to enable Device Link Profiles

You can enable Device Link Profiles using Color Setup.

For information about installing and assigning Device Link Profiles, see page 27.

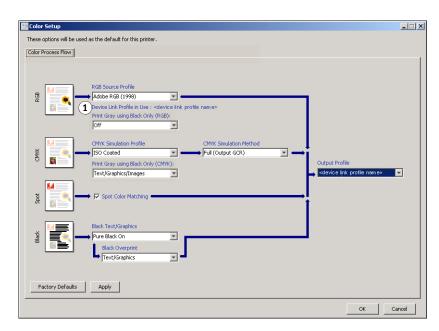
TO USE COLORWISE COLOR SETUP TO ENABLE DEVICE LINK PROFILES

- 1 Open Color Setup from ColorWise Pro Tools.
- 2 Select the RGB Source profile or the CMYK Simulation Profile and the Output Profile.

When you select a source and output combination that is defined as a Device Link Profile, the Device Link Profile is automatically activated.

When the Device Link Profile is selected, the Color Process workflow updates and some of the Fiery print options may not appear. You will see the message "Device Link Profile in use" under the RGB Source Profile or CMYK Simulation Profile.

1 Device Link Profile in use



3 Click OK to exit Color Setup.

Calibration 34

CALIBRATION

Calibrating the Integrated Fiery Color Server ensures consistent and reliable color output. Calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server using ColorWise Pro Tools Calibrator with the digital press's built-in scanner, a densitometer or a spectrophotometer.

This manual uses the following terminology for color measurement instruments:

Term	Refers to
ColorCal with Calibrator	Calibration method that uses the digital press's built-in scanner to measure toner density values. You can use Calibrator in ColorWise Pro Tools to perform ColorCal calibration.
DTP32 or DTP32 Series II	X-Rite DTP32 or DTP32 Series II automatic densitometer
DTP41	X-Rite DTP41 automatic spectrophotometer
ES-1000	Spectrophotometer ES-1000 hand-held spectrophotometer
ColorCal from the digital press control panel	Calibration method that uses the digital press's built-in scanner to measure toner density values. You can use the digital press control panel to perform ColorCal calibration.

CALIBRATION 35

About this chapter

This chapter describes the procedures for calibrating the Integrated Fiery Color Server using ColorWise Pro Tools Calibrator with various color measurement instruments or calibrating from the digital press control panel. The following table provides the location of each procedure.

Calibration method	See
ColorCal with Calibrator	page 40
DTP32 or DTP32 Series II with Calibrator	page 44
DTP41 with Calibrator	page 47
ES-1000 with Calibrator	page 51
ColorCal from the digital press control panel	page 55

This chapter also describes important concepts and suggestions for understanding calibration. The following table provides the location of each description.

For more information about	See
An overview of calibration	page 57
How calibration works	page 58
Scheduling calibration	page 59
Checking calibration status	page 60

NOTE: The procedures described in this chapter are fundamentally the same for Windows and Mac OS computers. Illustrations from a Windows computer are used in this chapter.

CALIBRATION 36

Calibrating with ColorWise Pro Tools Calibrator

ColorWise Pro Tools Calibrator allows you to calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server using the measurement method of your choice.

Changing calibration has the potential to affect *all* jobs for *all* users, so consider limiting the number of people authorized to perform calibration. Set an Administrator password to control access to calibration (see *Configuration and Setup*).

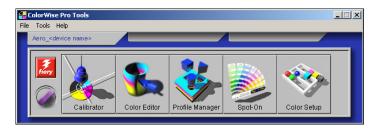
Note: Multiple users can be connected to one Integrated Fiery Color Server with ColorWise Pro Tools, but only one user at a time can use Calibrator. If you try to calibrate when another user is using ColorWise Pro Tools to calibrate, an error message appears.

Starting Calibrator

Start Calibrator from the ColorWise Pro Tools main window.

TO CALIBRATE THE INTEGRATED FIERY COLOR SERVER USING CALIBRATOR

1 Start ColorWise Pro Tools and connect to the Integrated Fiery Color Server.



For information about configuring the connection to the Integrated Fiery Color Server, see pages 13 and 17.

2 Click Calibrator.

3 Choose a method from the Select Measurement Method menu.

1 Calibration methods

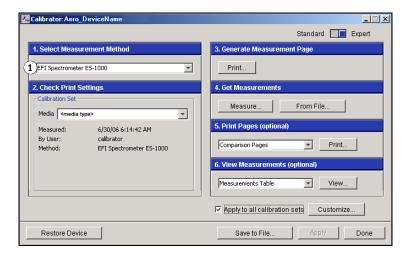


Procedures for each calibration method are described in subsequent sections of this chapter.

Expert mode

Calibrator provides two modes: Standard and Expert. You can perform all essential calibration tasks while in Standard mode. Expert mode offers two additional options: Print Pages and View Measurements.

1 Calibration methods

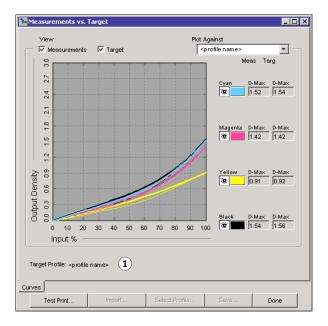


Calibration 38

With the Print Pages option, print Comparison Pages showing the results of the new measurements with any profile associated with the currently selected calibration set. You can create a custom Comparison Page and save it as a PostScript or Encapsulated PostScript (EPS) file called CALIB.PS. Next, print the file to the Hold queue of the Integrated Fiery Color Server from your application. You can also create a CALIB.PS file by renaming any job in the Hold queue using Command WorkStation.

With the View Measurements option, you can view the current set of measurements as a table or graph that shows both the measurements and the target curves.

1 Output profile name



When more than one profile uses the same target, an additional menu called Plot Against appears in the upper-right corner of the dialog box. It lists all output profiles that use that same calibration set. Selecting an output profile from this menu displays the target curves associated with that profile. If each output profile contains a unique calibration target, the curves displayed also change when you switch profiles.

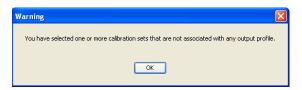
Calibration 39

Applying measurements to multiple calibration sets

Calibrator provides an option (Apply to All Calibration Sets) that allows you to copy the measurements from the calibration you are currently performing to all calibrations sets on the server. This option is only available if the Integrated Fiery Color Server has more than one calibration set.

If you deselect Apply to All Calibration Sets, you can choose to apply the current calibration to a selected subset of the calibration sets on the server. You specify which sets by clicking Customize next to the Apply to All Calibration Sets option, which displays the Apply To window. Click to select or deselect individual calibration sets and then click OK.

If any of the selected calibration sets are not associated with an output profile, you receive a warning but can choose to apply the calibration measurements to that set anyway.



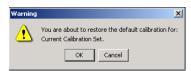
The calibration measurements are copied to the specified calibration sets at the end of the calibration process when you click Apply.

Restoring default calibration measurements

Use the following procedure to return to factory default calibration measurements.

TO RESTORE DEFAULT CALIBRATION MEASUREMENTS

- 1 In the Calibrator dialog box, click Restore Device.
- 2 Click OK to restore the preset default calibration set.



NOTE: If Apply to All Calibration Sets is selected, all calibration sets on the server are restored. If Apply to All Calibration Sets is not selected, Restore Device applies only to the calibration sets selected under Customize.

Calibrating with ColorCal

ColorCal allows you to calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server without the use of an additional spectrophotometer or densitometer. Instead, ColorCal uses the digital press's built-in scanner to measure toner density values.

ColorCal has the following features:

- **Scanner calibration:** ColorCal lets you calibrate the scanner (digital press feeder) using the Kodak Color and Gray Scale strips.
- Measurement page: For ColorCal, square black-and-white and color patches are randomly
 printed on the ColorCal Measurement Page. This allows ColorCal to be less influenced by
 digital press conditions, providing greater accuracy in color reproduction and calibration.

NOTE: To calibrate using ColorCal, you will need the Kodak Gray Scale strip included in the customer media pack that came with your Integrated Fiery Color Server. You also need the Kodak Gray Scale strip and Kodak Color Control Patches strip to calibrate the scanner of the digital press for ColorCal.

When you run ColorCal from ColorWise Pro Tools, you have the option to calibrate the digital press's scanner before calibrating the Integrated Fiery Color Server itself. We recommend that you calibrate the scanner for ColorCal after maintenance or service, or whenever the digital press output has been altered.

TO CALIBRATE WITH COLORWISE PRO TOOLS AND COLORCAL

1 Start Calibrator.

For instructions on starting Calibrator, see page 36.

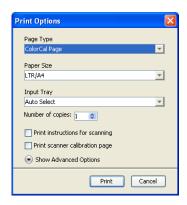
- 2 In the Select Measurement Method pane, choose ColorCal.
- 3 In the Check Print Settings pane, choose an appropriate calibration set.

If more than one option appears, choose the appropriate calibration set for the type of media you will use most often.

NOTE: For this calibration to take effect, the calibration set must be associated with one or more output profiles. The default calibration set is already associated with the default output profile, so there is no need to make any new associations.

4 Click Print in the Generate Measurement Page pane.

5 Choose the Page Type.

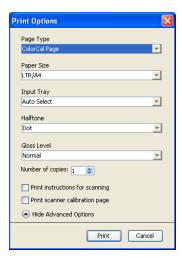


- ColorCal Page prints one of the 256 ColorCal patterns chosen at random.
- Single Pattern prints a specific pattern. Enter the pattern number in the Patch Page Number field.

The Paper Size is automatically set to LTR/A4.

- 6 Choose the Input Tray to use for the measurement page.
- 7 To select the Halftone and Gloss Mode, click Show Advanced Options.
- 8 Choose the Halftone for printing the measurement page.

If you will be printing with Printer Screen Mode set to 200 Rotated Line, choose Line. Otherwise, choose Dot.



9 Choose the Gloss Level for printing the measurement page.

If you will be printing with Gloss Level set to Enhanced, choose Enhanced. Otherwise, choose Normal.

10 To print the instructions page as well as the measurement page, select Print instructions for scanning.

Clear this option if you already have the instructions page.

11 To print the scanner measurement page and calibrate the scanner before calibrating the Integrated Fiery Color Server, select Print scanner calibration page.

If you clear this option, only the ColorCal measurement page is printed, and the scanner calibration is skipped.

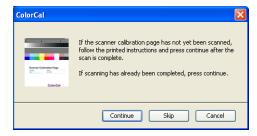
We recommend that you always calibrate the scanner before calibrating the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

12 Click Print.

A message appears stating the status of your print job.

- 13 Click OK to continue.
- 14 Retrieve the ColorCal measurement page (and the scanner measurement page, if you selected it) from the digital press.
- 15 Click Measure in the Get Measurements pane.
- 16 If you are skipping scanner calibration, go to step 21.
- 17 Follow the instructions in the instruction page for placing the Kodak Gray Scale, Kodak Color Patches, and Scanner Calibration measurement page on the copier glass and initiating the scan.
- 18 After the scan is complete, click Measure in the Get Measurements pane.

A dialog appears indicating that you must scan the scanner measurement page before proceeding.



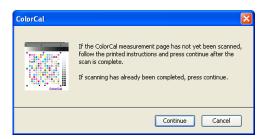
19 Click Continue to start the scanner measurement.

When the measurement process completes, the information dialog box appears.



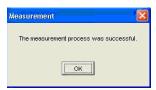
20 Click Continue to complete scanner calibration.

A dialog box appears indicating that you must scan the ColorCal measurement page before proceeding.



- 21 Follow the instructions in the instruction page for placing the Kodak Gray Scale and ColorCal measurement page on the copier glass and initiating the scan.
- 22 Click Continue to start the ColorCal measurement.

When the measurement process completes, the Measurement dialog box appears.



- 23 Click OK to complete calibration.
- 24 To apply the ColorCal calibration, click Apply.
- 25 To close Calibrator, click Done.

Calibrating with the DTP32 or DTP32 Series II

Using the DTP32 or DTP32 Series II densitometer, you can measure color patches generated by the digital press and automatically download the measurements to the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

NOTE: Before you use ColorWise Pro Tools to calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server, set up and calibrate the DTP32 or DTP32 Series II. For instructions, see the documentation that accompanies the instrument.

TO CALIBRATE THE INTEGRATED FIERY COLOR SERVER USING THE DTP32 OR DTP32 SERIES II

1 Start Calibrator.

For instructions, see page 36.

- 2 In the Select Measurement Method pane, choose X-Rite DTP32 or X-Rite DTP32 Series II.
- 3 In the Check Print Settings pane, choose a calibration set.

If more than one option appears, choose the appropriate calibration set for the type of media you use most often.

NOTE: For this calibration to take effect, the calibration set must be associated with one or more output profiles. The default calibration set is already associated with the default output profile. You do not need to make any new associations.

4 Click Print in the Generate Measurement Page pane.

The Print Options dialog box appears.

5 Choose the appropriate options.

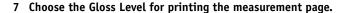
Page Type: Choose 21 or 34 Sorted Patches.

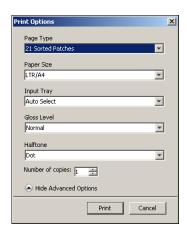
Paper Size: Automatically set to LTR/A4 for 21 Sorted Patches. Choose 11x17/A3 or 12x18/SRA3 for 34 Sorted Patches.

Input Tray: Specify the paper source.



6 To select the Halftone and Gloss Mode, click Show Advanced Options.





If you will be printing with Gloss Level set to Enhanced, choose Enhanced. Otherwise, choose Normal.

8 Choose the Halftone for printing the measurement page.

If you will be printing with Printer Screen Mode set to 200 Rotated Line, choose Line. Otherwise, choose Dot.

9 Click Print.

A message appears stating the status of your print job.

10 Click OK to continue.

11 Retrieve the measurement page from the digital press.

12 Click Measure in the Get Measurements pane.

The Measurement Options dialog box displays the specified Page Type and Paper Size options.

13 Click Measure.

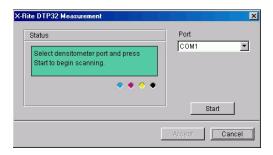
Follow the on-screen instructions to feed the measurement page through the DTP32.

Calibration 46

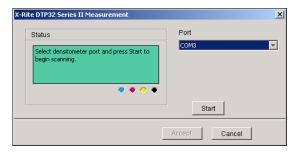
NOTE: The DTP32 Series II does not have an edge guide for the page. Position the page so that the strip to be measured is lined up directly under the alignment mark.

The Status field displays instructions for selecting the port and feeding the measurement page through the DTP32 four times, once for each color strip.

DTP32



DTP32 Series II



- 14 When the Status field indicates that the measurements were read successfully, click Accept.
- 15 Click OK in the Measure dialog box.
- 16 Click Apply in the Calibrator dialog box to implement the new calibration set.
- 17 Click OK in the Information dialog box.

This completes the calibration process.

Calibrating with the DTP41

Using the DTP41 spectrophotometer, you can measure color patches generated by the digital press and automatically download the measurements to the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

NOTE: Before you use ColorWise Pro Tools to calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server, set up and calibrate the DTP41. For instructions, see the documentation that accompanies the instrument.

TO CALIBRATE THE INTEGRATED FIERY COLOR SERVER USING THE DTP41

1 Start Calibrator.

For instructions, see page 36.

- 2 Choose X-Rite DTP41 as the measurement method.
- 3 In the Check Print Settings pane, choose a calibration set.

If more than one option appears, choose the appropriate calibration set for the type of media you use most often.

NOTE: For this calibration to take effect, the calibration set must be associated with one or more output profiles. The default calibration set is already associated with the default output profile. You do not need to make any new associations.

4 Click Print in the Generate Measurement Page pane.

The Print Options dialog box appears.

5 Choose the appropriate options.

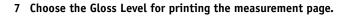


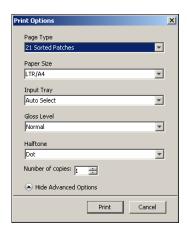
Page Type: Choose 21 or 34 Sorted Patches.

Paper Size: Automatically set to LTR/A4 for 21 Sorted Patches. Choose 11x17/A3 or 12x18/SRA3 for 34 Sorted Patches.

Input Tray: Choose the paper source for printing the measurement page.

6 To select the Halftone and Gloss Mode, click Show Advanced Options.





If you will be printing with Gloss Level set to Enhanced, choose Enhanced. Otherwise, choose Normal.

8 Choose the Halftone for printing the measurement page.

If you will be printing with Printer Screen Mode set to 200 Rotated Line, choose Line. Otherwise, choose Dot.

9 Click Print.

A message appears stating the status of your print job.

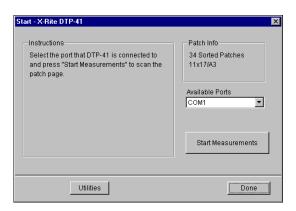
10 Click OK to continue.

- 11 Retrieve the measurement page from the digital press.
- 12 In the Get Measurements pane, click Measure.

The Measurement Options dialog box displays the specified Page Type and Paper Size options.

13 Click Measure.

14 If necessary, choose the appropriate COM port for the DTP41 from the Available Ports menu, and then click Start Measurements.



15 Feed the measurement page into the DTP41, starting with the cyan strip.



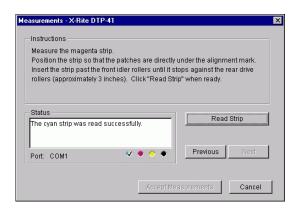
Align the page in the measurement page slot of the DTP41 so that the appropriate color column is centered below the alignment mark. Insert the page about three inches, past the front idler rollers, until it rests against the rear drive rollers and you feel resistance.

16 Click Read Strip.

The DTP41 pulls the measurement page through automatically.

After the measurement page is read, Calibrator instructs you to insert and align the page again for the next color.

17 Repeat the measurement process for the magenta, yellow, and black strips.



A check mark appears on the circle of the color just read, and the Status field indicates the color was measured successfully.

Use the Previous and Next buttons to reverse or advance to another step in the measurement sequence.

- 18 When the Status field indicates that all four color strips have been read successfully, click Accept Measurements.
- 19 Click OK in the Measure dialog box.
- 20 Click Apply in the Calibrator dialog box to implement the new calibration set.
- 21 Click OK in the Information dialog box.

This completes the Integrated Fiery Color Server calibration process.

Calibrating with the ES-1000

Use ColorWise Pro Tools in conjunction with the ES-1000 spectrophotometer to calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

NOTE: Before you use ColorWise Pro Tools to calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server, set up and calibrate the ES-1000. For instructions, see the documentation that accompanies the instrument.

TO CALIBRATE THE INTEGRATED FIERY COLOR SERVER USING THE ES-1000

1 Start Calibrator.

For instructions, see page 36.

- 2 Choose ES-1000 as the measurement method.
- 3 In the Check Print Settings pane, choose a calibration set.

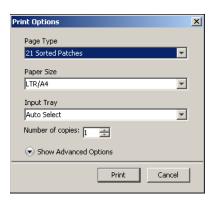
If more than one option appears, choose the appropriate calibration set for the type of media you use most often.

NOTE: For this calibration to take effect, the calibration set must be associated with one or more output profiles. The default calibration set is already associated with the default output profile. You do not need to make any new associations.

4 Click Print in the Generate Measurement Page pane.

The Print Options dialog box appears.

5 Choose the appropriate options.



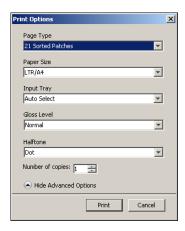
Page Type: Choose 21 or 34 Sorted Patches or 21 or 34 Randomized Patches. Sorted patches are printed on the page in the order of their hue and saturation levels. Randomized patches are printed on the page in random order, to help compensate for density inconsistencies on different areas of the page.

Paper Size: Automatically set to LTR/A4 for 21 patches. Choose 11x17/A3 or 12x18/SRA3 for 34 patches.

Input Tray: Automatically set to Auto Select.

6 To select the Halftone and Gloss Mode, click Show Advanced Options.

7 Choose the Gloss Level for printing the measurement page.



If you will be printing with Gloss Level set to Enhanced, choose Enhanced. Otherwise, choose Normal.

8 Choose the Halftone for printing the measurement page.

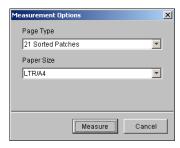
If you will be printing with Printer Screen Mode set to 200 Rotated Line, choose Line. Otherwise, choose Dot.

9 Click Print.

A message appears stating the status of your print job.

- 10 Click OK to continue.
- 11 Retrieve the printed measurement page from the digital press.
- 12 Click Measure in the Get Measurements pane.

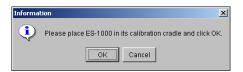
The Measurement Options dialog box appears.



Page Type is automatically set to the type that you selected in step 5.

13 Check the settings and click Measure.

The Information dialog box appears.

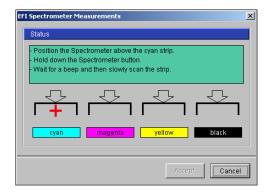


14 Place the ES-1000 in the calibration cradle.

When you place the ES-1000 in the calibration cradle, white point calibration is used to calibrate the spectrophotometer and compensate for gradual drifts in the instrument. Make sure the sample aperture is in full contact with the white tile on the calibration cradle. If you do not place it correctly in the calibration cradle, the spectrophotometer does not return accurate measurements.

15 Click OK.

The Measurements dialog box appears. Instructions for measuring the strips appear in the Status field.



16 For a more accurate measurement, place several sheets of plain white paper beneath the Measurement Page.

The extra sheets block underlying colors from being read by the instrument.

- 17 Orient the Measurement Page so that strips are horizontal and the scan direction (indicated by the arrows at the beginning of each strip) is left to right.
- 18 Hold the ES-1000 with its length perpendicular to the scan direction, and place the sample aperture in the white space at the start of the specified color.
- 19 Press and hold the Measure button and wait for a beep or wait for the background color in the dialog to change from green to white.

NOTE: To hear a beep with a Windows compatible computer, you must install a sound card and speaker(s). You may have to turn up the volume on your computer to hear the beep.

Calibration 54

20 After you hear a beep or see the dialog background color change, slide the ES-1000 at a slow but consistent pace across the strip.

Take about five seconds to slide the length of the strip.

21 Release the button when all the patches in the strip have been measured and you reach the white space at the end of the strip.

When a strip is measured successfully, the dialog background color changes to green, and the cross hair moves to the next color. If the strip is not measured successfully, the dialog background color changes to red, and a message directs you to try again.

22 Repeat steps 18 through 21 until all the strips are measured.

Note: You must measure in the order outlined in the Status field.

- 23 When all the patches have been read successfully, click Accept.
- 24 Click Apply in the Calibrator dialog box.

The new calibration measurement is applied.

25 Click OK in the Information dialog box.

This completes the Integrated Fiery Color Server calibration process.

Calibrating from the digital press control panel

You can also calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server from the digital press control panel using ColorCal, without using ColorWise Pro Tools Calibrator.

Calibrating with ColorCal

If an Administrator password has been set, you will need it to perform calibration from the digital press control panel. For instructions on using the digital press control panel, see *Configuration and Setup*.

TO USE COLORCAL FROM THE DIGITAL PRESS CONTROL PANEL

- 1 At the digital press, press the All Services button to display the main screen.
- 2 On the digital press control panel, press Web Applications.
- 3 Press Calibrate.
- 4 If a password is set on the Integrated Fiery Color Server, enter it and press Login.
- 5 Select the calibration set by selecting the media, and press Continue.
- 6 For Tray, select the paper source for printing the measurement page.

The measurement page consists of swatches of color that will be measured by the digital press's scanner and then compared to the target color values.

Choose Auto Select or Tray 5. The Page Size is automatically set to LTR/A4.

NOTE: If you print a measurement page from Tray 5, you must load the appropriate paper in the tray and select the correct paper size from the digital press control panel.

7 To print the instructions page as well as the measurement page, select Print instructions for scanning.

Clear this option if you already have the instructions page.

8 To print the scanner measurement page and calibrate the scanner before calibrating the Integrated Fiery Color Server, select Print scanner calibration page.

If you clear this option, the ColorCal Measurement Page is printed, and the scanner calibration is skipped. In this case, skip to step 17.

We recommend that you always calibrate the scanner before calibrating the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

9 Press Print.

Or, press Skip Printing if you already have the pages you need and want to proceed to scanning.

10 Retrieve the measurement page (and instructions page, if you selected it) from the digital press.

Calibration 56

- 11 Following the scanner calibration instruction page, place the Kodak Gray Scale strip and Kodak color patches strip face-down on the digital press glass.
- 12 Place the measurement page face-down over the strips and close the platen glass cover.

Be careful not to move the strips and the measurement page.

- 13 On the digital press control panel, choose the settings as indicated on the instructions page, and then press the green Start button to start scanning.
- 14 When scanning is complete (indicated by a beep), press All Services to display the main screen, press Web Applications, and then press Calibrate.

You return to the same screen as before scanning.

15 Press Measure Page.

When the measurement is done, you return to the same screen as before scanner calibration.

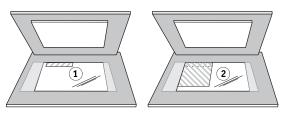
- 16 Clear the Print scanner calibration page option.
- 17 Press Print to print the ColorCal measurement page (and instructions page, if you selected it).

Or, press Skip Printing if you already have the pages you need and want to proceed to scanning.

- 18 Retrieve the measurement page (and instructions page, if you selected it) from the digital press.
- 19 Following the ColorCal calibration instruction page, place the Kodak Gray Scale strip face-down on the digital press glass.

Place the strip along the top edge of the digital press so that it is centered between the paper width marks on the digital press.

- 1 Place grayscale strip face down
- Place color measurement page face down over grayscale strip



20 Place the measurement page face-down over the strips and close the platen glass cover.

Be careful not to move the strip and color measurement page.

21 On the digital press control panel, choose the settings as indicated on the instructions page, and then press the green Start button to start scanning.

The instructions page indicates that you configure the scan for Sideways (Landscape) orientation, even though the measurement page is in an upright (Portrait) orientation. This instruction is correct and produces the correct result.

When scanning is complete (indicated by a beep), press All Services to display the main screen, press Web Applications, and then press Calibrate.

You return to the same screen as before scanning.

23 Press Measure Page.

A message appears when the measurement is done, indicating that the measurement was successful.

24 To print a comparison page, press Print.

The comparison page shows how the digital press will print with the calibration.

25 If you are satisfied with the calibration, press Apply, and press Yes to confirm.

The calibration measurements are saved.

Understanding calibration

The following sections describe important concepts and suggestions for understanding calibration.

An overview of calibration

Calibration generates curves that adjust for the difference between the actual toner densities (measurements) and the response expected by the output profile.

- Measurements represent the actual color behavior of the digital press.
- Calibration sets are sets of measurements that combine media options provided for Calibrator.
- Each output profile contains a calibration target that describes the expected behavior of the digital press.

After you calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server, a calibration set is stored. This calibration set is used when it is associated with an output profile. Every output profile has an associated calibration set. If you have not specified one, the calibration set associated with the default output profile is used.

If you change the calibration after a saved job has been processed (RIPped), you do not have to reprocess (reRIP) the job. The new calibration affects the job without reprocessing.

NOTE: Changing calibration has the potential to affect *all* jobs for *all* users, so consider limiting the number of people authorized to perform calibration. Set an Administrator password in Integrated Fiery Color Server Setup to control access to calibration (see *Configuration and Setup*).

How calibration works

Although the needs of most users are met by the default calibration set, the Integrated Fiery Color Server allows you to choose a calibration set to customize calibration for specialized jobs.

Calibration allows you to:

- Maximize the color reproduction capabilities of the Integrated Fiery Color Server.
- Ensure consistent color quality over time.
- Produce consistent output across Integrated Fiery Color Server servers.
- Achieve better color matches when reproducing spot colors, such as PANTONE colors or other named color systems.
- Optimize the Integrated Fiery Color Server for using ColorWise rendering styles (CRDs), CMYK simulations, and ICC profiles.

Success in obtaining satisfactory print quality from the Integrated Fiery Color Server depends on many factors. Among the most important are establishing and maintaining optimal toner densities. The **density** is the measure of the light absorbed by a surface. By carefully regulating toner densities, you obtain consistent printed color.

Even with a calibrated system, toner density is affected by the settings of digital press, humidity, and temperature. Density also tends to drift over time. Uneven toner density on paper affects calibration results. Regular measurement detects day-to-day variations in density, gradation, and color reproduction, and calibration corrects them.

Calibration works by creating calibration curves on the Integrated Fiery Color Server that compensate for the difference between actual (measured) and desired (target) density values. These calibration curves are the graphic equivalent of transfer functions, which are mathematical descriptions of changes that are made to the initial data. Transfer functions are often graphed as input or output curves.

The Integrated Fiery Color Server generates calibration curves after comparing measured values to the final target values for each of the four toner colors. The target values are based on the output profile specified.

Measurements

Measurement files contain numerical values that correspond to the toner density produced by the digital press when it prints solid cyan, magenta, yellow, and black, and graduated tints of those colors.

To create a measurement file, print a page of color patches. Measure the patches using a color measurement instrument connected to a computer on the network, or if it is available, the print device's scanner. The new measurements are automatically downloaded to the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

Output profiles and calibration sets

Output profiles and calibration sets define desired calibration results. One or more output profiles and calibration sets are provided with the Integrated Fiery Color Server. When you calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server, select the calibration set that corresponds to the typical printing jobs at your site. This same calibration set can be associated with one or more output profiles. For more information about output profiles, see page 95.

Scheduling calibration

Calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server at least once a day, depending on the volume of print jobs. If it is very important to maintain consistent color, or your digital press is subject to wide fluctuations in temperature or humidity, calibrate every few hours. For optimal performance, calibrate whenever there is a noticeable change in print quality or printing results are not as expected.

If you must split a print job into two or more batches to print at different times, it is important to calibrate before you print each batch. You should also calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server after digital press maintenance. However, because the digital press may be less stable immediately after maintenance, wait until you have printed approximately 50 pages before you calibrate.

NOTE: Because printed output from the digital press is very sensitive to changes in temperature and humidity, do not install the digital press near a window, in direct sunlight, or near a heater or air conditioner. Paper is also sensitive to climate changes. Store it in a cool, dry, stable environment, and keep reams sealed until they are used.

To monitor print quality, print the following color pages:

- Color Charts (from Command WorkStation or the digital press control panel)
- Color reference pages included in the User Software DVD (see pages 12 and 16)

These pages include fully saturated color patches and pale tints of cyan, magenta, yellow, and black. Images with skin tones offer a good basis for comparison. Save and periodically compare the pages you print. If a noticeable change in appearance occurs, calibrate the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

When you examine the Test Page, all color patches should be visible, even though they may be very faint in the five to two percent range. Each patch set should show uniform gradation from patch to patch as the color lightens from 100% to zero.

If the solid density patches (100% cyan, magenta, yellow, or black) look less saturated over time, show the pages to your digital press service technician to determine whether adjusting the digital press can improve output.

Checking calibration status

To verify whether the Integrated Fiery Color Server is calibrated, which calibration set and output profile were used, and when the digital press was last calibrated, perform the following:

- Print a Configuration page or Test Page from the digital press control panel or Command WorkStation.
 - For instructions on printing the Configuration page, see Configuration and Setup.
- Select a calibration set in Calibrator. The last calibration and the user who performed it are displayed.

SPOT-ON

The Spot Color Matching print option automatically matches spot colors with their best CMYK equivalents so that spot colors can be simulated using the CMYK toner of the digital press. However, you may want to adjust the default CMYK equivalents to achieve a better match for your specific printing conditions. You can modify spot colors using Spot-On.

In addition to managing "named" colors, Spot-On allows you to create a list of "substitute" colors. These are colors that, when called for in a document by their RGB or CMYK values, are substituted with a different color having the CMYK values from the Spot-On color dictionary. This permits exact color control and overrides individual RGB and CMYK colors.

Using Spot-On

Spot-On allows you to adjust and manage lists of spot colors and their CMYK equivalents. The matching lists of spot colors and CMYK values are known as Spot Color Dictionaries. Spot-On allows you to maintain multiple Spot Color Dictionaries for each output profile on the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

NOTE: To use the Spot-On features with named colors, you must enable the Spot Color Matching print option. For more information about this option, see page 100.

Note: Spot colors identified by names are printed with their defined CMYK values. The edits to the output profile made with Color Editor do not affect how spot colors print.

Some Spot-On features require that a job be displayed with correct colors on your monitor. To display the colors correctly on your monitor, you must set up the monitor display according to the manufacturer's recommendations, and specify the correct monitor profile for your monitor.

Specify the following settings for the monitor display:

- At the monitor: Brightness, Contrast, and Color Temperature
- From the control panel of the operating system: Resolution, Refresh rate, and Number of colors

For more information about setting up your monitor and the monitor profile, see the documentation that accompanies the monitor.

Starting Spot-On

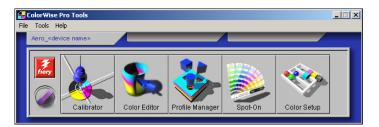
To use Spot-On, you must specify the output profile associated with the Spot Color Dictionary that you want to edit.

If you select Output profile X and redefine PANTONE 123 from 30%M to 50%M using Spot-On, you will get 50%M when you print a job with Output profile X. If you print a job with Output profile Y, you will get the original value. If you select Output profile X and create a custom color named "My Purple" and define it as 80C 40M, ColorWise automatically calculates the Lab values using Output profile X and creates new CMYK values for use with Output profile Y.

Note: The Integrated Fiery Color Server allows only one user to connect to Spot-On at a time.

TO START SPOT-ON

1 Start ColorWise Pro Tools and connect to the Integrated Fiery Color Server.



2 Click Spot-On.

The Select Output Profile dialog box appears.

3 Choose an output profile and click OK.

- 1 Current output profile
- 2 Output profiles to link



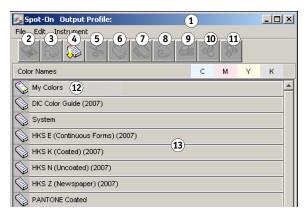
The Spot-On main dialog box appears. The CMYK values displayed in the dialog box are calculated with respect to the specified profile.

NOTE: When you print a job, choose the same output profile from the printer driver as the one that is selected in the Select Output Profile dialog box. Otherwise, color adjustments based on Spot-On have no effect.

Spot-On main window

The Spot-On main window list color groups that represent libraries of spot colors on the Integrated Fiery Color Server. Tool icons for working with colors appear at the top of the window.

- 1 Output profile
- 2 Save
- 3 Upload
- 4 Download
- 5 Cut
- 6 Сору
- 7 Paste
- 8 Close All
- 9 Print
- 10 Up
- 11 Down
- 12 Custom color group
- 13 Default color group



By default, the Integrated Fiery Color Server includes several PANTONE libraries along with a System library. These factory default libraries appear marked with the default group icon ().

The DIC, HKS, and TOYO libraries are also available with Spot-On.

You can add custom color groups and colors to the Spot-On window (see page 66). Added groups appear marked with the custom group icon (). Both default and custom groups can be opened to display included colors.

TO OPEN AND CLOSE A COLOR GROUP

1 To open a color group, double-click the icon to the left of the group name.

When you open a group, all the colors in the group are displayed, and the group icon changes appearance.



- 2 To close a color group, double-click the icon to the left of the group name.
- 3 To close all the color groups in the list, choose Close All from the Edit menu.

Working with existing colors

Spot-On allows you to view and manage existing groups of colors on the Integrated Fiery Color Server and search for a particular color in the Spot-On list.

Color groups in the Spot-On window appear in order of their priority. Highest priority is assigned to color groups at the top of the list. For instance, if two colors from two different color groups have the same name, the Integrated Fiery Color Server uses the color from the higher group and disregards the other color. By managing the priority of colors in this way, you can maintain several CMYK variants for the same spot color.

TO REARRANGE THE PRIORITY OF COLORS

1 To rearrange an entire color group, select the desired color group. To rearrange an individual color, select the desired color.

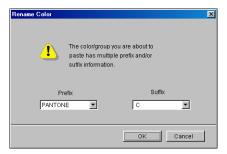
Individual spot colors are marked with circular color icons.

- 2 To move the selection up or down in the list, click the Up or Down icon in the toolbar.
- 3 To paste the selection in a different location in the list, click the Cut or Copy icon in the toolbar.

Note: The Cut operation is available only for custom colors.

4 Click the location in the list where you want to paste the cut or copied selection, and then click the Paste icon in the toolbar.

When you paste a default PANTONE color or group, a warning message appears asking you to rename the selection because of the multiple prefixes and suffixes for the PANTONE colors and groups. Use the menus to choose the desired prefix and suffix for the new name, and then click OK. The pasted selection becomes a custom color or group with the specified name.



TO FIND A SPECIFIC COLOR

1 Choose Find from the Edit menu.

The Find dialog box appears.

2 Enter the name of the color that you want to find and click OK.

Spot-On searches for the specified color, starting from the top of the color list. Once located, the color appears selected in the color list.

3 To find additional colors based on the same search criteria, choose Find Again from the Edit menu.

Creating custom colors

Spot-On provides a number of default color groups in the color list. You can add your own custom spot colors and groups to the list.

TO ADD A NEW COLOR OR COLOR GROUP

- 1 Select the location in the group or color list where you want the addition to be placed.
- 2 Choose New Group from the Edit menu to insert a new group, or choose New Color to insert a new color.

A new color group entry or color entry appears as Untitled.

TO RENAME A CUSTOM COLOR OR GROUP

- 1 Select the specific color or group that you want to rename.
- 2 Double-click the name of the color or group.
- 3 Type the new name exactly as it appears in the job, including uppercase and lowercase characters and spaces, as needed.

This new name is supplied by the source application (such as Adobe Illustrator or QuarkXPress) to your PostScript job.

NOTE: Default groups or colors (such as PANTONE) cannot be renamed.

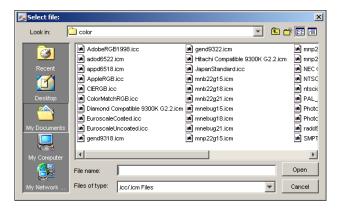
Downloading custom color groups

You can download custom color groups from your computer to the Integrated Fiery Color Server. Downloaded groups are added as custom groups to the Spot-On color list and are immediately enabled for use on the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

TO DOWNLOAD CUSTOM COLOR GROUPS

- 1 Select the location in the color list where you want to add the downloaded group.
- 2 Choose Download from the File menu.

The Select file dialog box appears.



NOTE: Although many ICC profiles may be shown, you can only download an ICC Named Color Profile.

3 Locate and select the desired color group, and then click Open.

The downloaded group is added to the specified location in the Spot-On list. If you did not specify a location, the group is added to the top of the list.

If the downloaded group has the same name as an existing group in the list, you are prompted to rename the downloaded group.

Uploading custom color groups

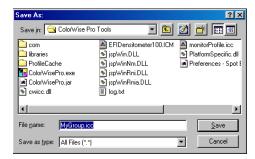
You can upload custom color groups from the Integrated Fiery Color Server to your computer as ICC files. The upload feature allows you to share a group by creating a local copy that can be downloaded to another Integrated Fiery Color Server.

You must save a color group to the Integrated Fiery Color Server before you can upload it to your computer. To upload a factory default group, copy and paste the group as a new custom group, and then upload the group as required.

TO UPLOAD CUSTOM COLOR GROUPS

- 1 Select the name of the color group you want to upload.
- 2 Choose Upload from the File menu.

The Save As dialog box appears.



3 Browse to the location where you want to save the file, name the file, and then click Save.

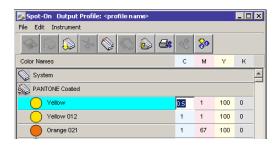
Editing color values

If an existing spot color is not printing as intended, edit the color values as needed to achieve your intended result. Edit color values by entering the exact CMYK values in the Spot-On main window or in the Set Center Patch Color dialog box, or using the Spot-On Color Search feature.

Use the following procedures to edit a named color by entering the exact CMYK values. To target a color using Spot-On Color Search, see page 70.

TO EDIT A COLOR IN THE SPOT-ON MAIN WINDOW

- 1 Select the color you want to edit.
- 2 Double-click the value under C, M, Y, and K, and enter a new number for each color channel.



The edited color appears in the color list.

Note: The edited color is not saved until you choose Save from the File menu.

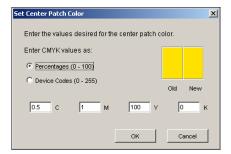
TO EDIT A COLOR IN THE SET CENTER PATCH COLOR DIALOG BOX

- 1 Select the color you want to edit.
- 2 Double-click the color icon.

The Spot-On Color Search dialog box appears with the selected color in the center.

3 Click the center patch.

The Set Center Patch Color dialog box appears.



4 Indicate whether you want to enter CMYK values as percentages or Device Codes.

The Percentages option allows you to enter color values between 0 and 100%, in increments of 0.5. Values out of this range are rounded to the nearest whole or half percentage.

The Device Codes option allows you to enter color values between 0 and 255. This option reflects the full range of color values that the Integrated Fiery Color Server can reproduce and provides finer gradations of color than are possible with Percentages.

5 Enter the C, M, Y, and K values of your specific color in the appropriate fields.

Use the Tab key to move from field to field. As you enter each new value, the preview patch updates to reflect the old and new colors.

6 Click OK.

The new color is displayed in the center of the Spot-On Color Search dialog box.

7 Click OK.

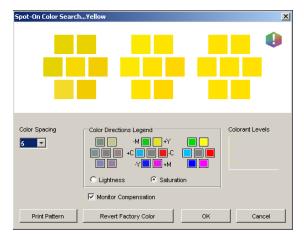
The edited color appears in the color list of the Spot-On main window.

Use the following procedure to target a color using the Spot-On Color Search dialog box. Beginning with an approximate color in the Spot-On Color Search dialog box, adjust the hue, saturation, and lightness of the color until you achieve an acceptable match.

TO TARGET A COLOR USING SPOT-ON COLOR SEARCH

- 1 Select the color that you want to edit.
- 2 Double-click the color icon.

The Spot-On Color Search dialog box appears with the current color in the center.



3 To update the center patch to a neighboring color that more closely matches the target, click the corresponding neighbor patch.

Neighboring patches represent variations from the center patch and can be selected if they offer a closer match to the desired color. Clicking one of these patches updates the center patch to the new color and provides a new selection of neighboring colors. These patches are either lightness or saturation neighbors, depending on the option you choose in the following step.

NOTE: When you select certain colors, an exclamation point icon may appear in the upper-right corner of the dialog box. This icon indicates that one or more colorants have reached their maximum values.

4 Use the following techniques to control how neighboring color patches are generated: Select Lightness or Saturation in the Color Directions Legend.

Lightness generates neighbor patches based on darker to lighter shades of the original color. This variation is displayed from left to right, with the original color remaining in the center of the middle group.

Saturation generates neighbor patches based on less saturated to more saturated variations of the original color. This variation is displayed from left to right, with the original color remaining in the center of the middle group.

Choose a setting from the Color Spacing menu to control the closeness of the neighbor patches.

A higher setting generates neighbor patches that differ more noticeably from the center color. As you get closer to your target color, reduce the color spacing to a smaller value.

Select Monitor Compensation to simulate how all the on-screen color patches will appear when printed on paper.

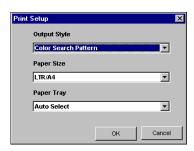
This simulation depends on the monitor profile that has been configured for your monitor. To specify the monitor profile, choose Preferences from the Edit menu in the Spot-On main window.

Make sure that you set your monitor according to the manufacturer's recommendations and select the correct monitor profile for your monitor.

- 5 Continue adjusting the color patch controls and clicking neighbor patches until the color you want appears in the center patch.
- 6 Click Print Pattern.

NOTE: It is very difficult to accurately match spot colors on a monitor. You should always test print to get the proper color match.





For Output Style, choose Color Search Pattern or Color Neighbor Pattern. Color Search Pattern prints patches with the same pattern as displayed in the Color Search dialog box. Color Neighbor Pattern prints patches in a three column by eight row format.

For Paper Size, choose the size of the paper that you want to use for printing the patches.

For Paper Tray, specify the paper source for the paper that you want to use.

8 Click OK to print the patches.

The Print Pattern test page provides the following information:

- Center patch color CMYK value
- Color spacing
- Lightness or Saturation neighbors selected
- · Output profile selected

The goal of Spot-On Color Search is to find the color values that make a printed color patch match a target, not its screen simulation of it. Printing a Print Pattern of neighbor color patches allows you to compare the printed patches to the color target. After you compare the printed patches and find the one that matches most closely, you can select the corresponding patch on-screen.

9 Select the desired target color in the Spot-On Color Search dialog box and click OK.

The edited color appears in the color list of the Spot-On main window.

Using a measurement instrument to target colors

If you have the Spectrophotometer ES-1000, you can import measured color values directly into Spot-On. This feature allows you to target matches based on the actual colors of immediate objects, such as the red of a printed logo or the yellow of a packaging envelope.

TO IMPORT COLOR MEASUREMENTS INTO SPOT-ON

1 Install and set up the ES-1000 for use with your computer.

For installation and setup instructions, see the documentation that accompanies the instrument.

2 Choose Start from the Instrument menu in the Spot-On main window.

The Choose Instrument dialog box appears.

- 3 For Instrument, choose the instrument you will use to take measurements. For Port, choose the serial port connection of the instrument. Click OK.
- 4 Place the ES-1000 over the target color, making sure to center the sample aperture over the color. Press Measure to take the measurement.

The measured CMYK values are imported into Spot-On as follows:

- If an individual color is selected in the color list, it updates to the measured color.
- If a group is selected in the color list, a new color with the measured values is created within the group.
- If the Spot-On Color Search dialog box is open, the center patch updates with the measured values, and the neighbor patches update accordingly.
- If the Set Center Patch Color dialog box is open, the measured values are imported into the CMYK entry fields.
- 5 When you are finished taking color measurements, choose Stop from the Instrument menu.

Spot-On closes the connection to the instrument.

Reverting default colors to factory settings

You can revert default colors to their factory default settings. Revert all colors within a default color group, or revert one or more specific colors within a default color group, so that only those colors are reset to the factory default settings.

TO REVERT ALL COLORS WITHIN A DEFAULT COLOR GROUP TO FACTORY DEFAULTS

- 1 Click the icon to the left of the name of the group that you want to revert.
- 2 Choose Revert Group from the File menu.

A warning message appears.

3 Click OK.

TO REVERT SPECIFIC COLORS WITHIN A DEFAULT COLOR GROUP TO FACTORY DEFAULTS

- 1 Click the icon to the left of the name of the group that contains the colors you want to revert.
- 2 Select the colors that you want to revert to the factory defaults.

To select more than one color, Shift-click to select an adjacent color or Control-click to select a nonadjacent color.

3 Choose Revert Factory Color from the File menu.

A warning message appears.

4 Click OK.

Saving changes and exiting Spot-On

To enable your spot color matches for use with the Integrated Fiery Color Server, save your edits before you exit Spot-On. This ensures that all your changes to Spot-On color definitions are stored on the Integrated Fiery Color Server and available for use when printing documents that contain spot colors.

The following edits do not require saving to take effect:

- Rearranging the priority level of a color group
- Downloading a color group
- Clearing or deleting a color group

TO SAVE THE SPOT-ON COLOR LIST

- 1 Choose Save from the File menu.
- 2 Click Close in the upper-right corner of the Spot-On main window to exit the utility.

Spot-**O**n 75

Spot-On with Substitute Colors

The Substitute Colors workflow involves defining the substitute color values with Spot-On, and then printing a document with the Substitute Colors print option set to On from the printer driver. You can also override the print option setting using Command WorkStation.

NOTE: Color substitutions affect only text, vector, and line art. They have no effect on raster images.

NOTE: When a color is defined as a substitute color, the settings for an RGB color (such as RGB Source, Rendering Style, and RGB Separation) or CMYK color (such as CMYK Simulation Profile and CMYK Simulation Method) have no effect. The color is converted with a process similar to spot color conversion.

Creating a color for substitution

Use the following procedure to add a new substitute color in a substitute group and specify the value-name for a color to substitute.

NOTE: A new substitute color can be added only to a substitute group.

TO ADD A NEW SUBSTITUTE COLOR AND SPECIFY THE VALUE-NAME FOR SUBSTITUTION

1 Start ColorWise Pro Tools and connect to the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

Start ColorWise Pro Tools from a stand-alone application or Command WorkStation, at your computer or at the monitor connected to the Integrated Fiery Color Server.



2 Click Spot-On.

The Select Output Profile dialog box appears.

3 Select an output profile and click OK.

The Spot-On main window appears.

- 4 Select the location in the group list where you want the addition to be placed.
- 5 Choose New Substitute Group from the Edit menu.

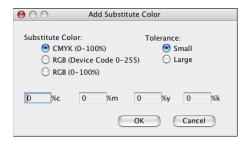
A new substitute group entry appears as Untitled.

6 Double-click Untitled and type a new name.

7 Select the substitute group and choose New Substitute Color from the Edit menu.

NOTE: If the substitute group already contains substitute colors, select the color above the location where you want to add a new substitute color.

The Add Substitute Color dialog box appears.



- 8 Select a color mode for the substitute color.
- 9 Select a tolerance degree for the substitute color.

For information about Tolerance, see page 82.

- 10 Type the values for the color that you want to substitute.
- 11 Click OK.

The substitute color appears at the specified location.

Defining the color values for a substitute color

After you specify the original color to substitute, define CMYK values for the substitute color by typing the exact CMYK values in the Spot-On main window or Set Center Patch Color dialog box, or use Spot-On Color Search.

For instructions on defining a substitute color by typing the exact CMYK values, see the following sections. To define a substitute color in the Spot-On Color Search dialog box, see page 79.

TO DEFINE A SUBSTITUTE COLOR IN THE SPOT-ON MAIN WINDOW

- 1 Start ColorWise Pro Tools and connect to the Integrated Fiery Color Server.
- 2 Click Spot-On.

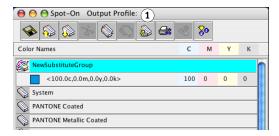
The Select Output Profile dialog box appears.

3 Select an output profile and click OK.

The Spot-On main dialog box appears.

4 Select the color that you want to substitute.

1 Output profile



5 Double-click the value under C, M, Y, and K, and type a new number for each color channel.

The new values for the substitute color appear in the color list.

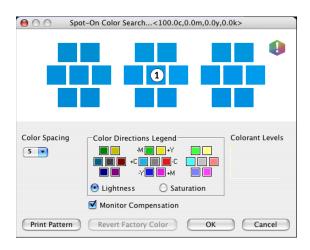
Note: The edited color is not saved until you choose Save from the File menu.

TO DEFINE A SUBSTITUTE COLOR IN SET CENTER PATCH COLOR

- 1 Select the color that you want to substitute.
- 2 Double-click the color icon.

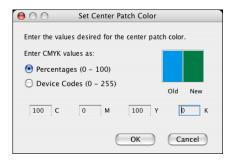
The Spot-On Color Search dialog box appears with the selected color in the center.

1 Center patch



3 Click the center patch.

The Set Center Patch Color dialog box appears.



4 Type values for each C, M, Y, and K color channel.

For information about using Set Center Patch Color, see page 69.

5 Click OK.

The new color appears in the center in the Spot-On Color Search dialog box.

6 Click OK.

The new color appears in the color list of the Spot-On main window.

Note: The edited color is not saved until you choose Save from the File menu.

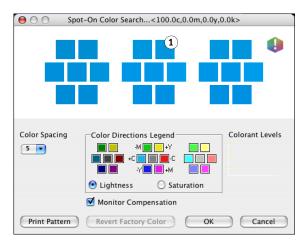
Use the following procedure to target a substitute color using the Spot-On Color Search dialog box.

TO DEFINE A SUBSTITUTE COLOR USING SPOT-ON COLOR SEARCH

- 1 Select the color that you want to substitute.
- 2 Double-click the color icon.

The Spot-On Color Search dialog box appears, displaying the current color in the center.

1 Neighboring patch



3 Click neighboring patches until you find the color that you want to use for the substitution.

For information about using Spot-On Color Search, see page 70.

4 Click OK.

The new substitute color appears in the color list of the Spot-On main window.

Note: The edited color is not saved until you choose Save from the File menu.

Printing a job with a substitute color

After you define CMYK values for substitution in Spot-On, you can print a document and specify in the printer driver that the substitute color be used. You can also specify this print option for an existing print job by overriding the job's properties in Command WorkStation.

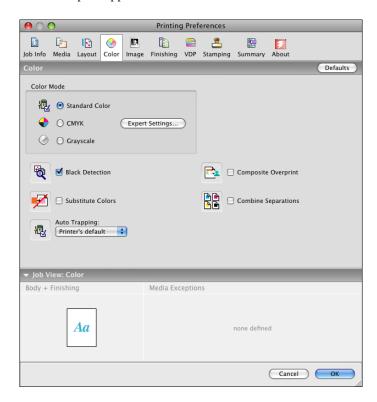
NOTE: When you print the job, select an Output Profile setting from the printer driver that matches the output profile you selected in Spot-On to define the color substitution. Otherwise, the color substitutions that are defined on Spot-On have no effect.

NOTE: The procedures for printing a job from a Mac OS and a Windows computer are similar. The following procedure shows the Mac OS version.

TO PRINT A JOB WITH A SUBSTITUTE COLOR

- 1 Open a document in your application.
- 2 Choose Print.
- 3 Click Copies & Pages and choose Fiery Features from the menu.
- 4 Click Full Properties, and then click the Color icon.

The Color pane appears.



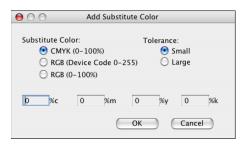
- 5 Select Substitute Colors.
- 6 Click OK.

The job is printed with the substitute you defined in Spot-On.

Spot-On 81

Substitute Color dialog box

You can define the color mode and tolerance range for a substitute color in the Add Substitute Color or Rename Substitute Color dialog box.



Note: The Add Substitute Color dialog box appears when you choose Edit>New Substitute Color after selecting a substitute color group in the list. The Rename Substitute Color dialog box appears when you double-click the bracketed section of a substitute color.

Note: The Add Substitute Color and Rename Substitute Color dialog boxes offer the same control in defining a substitute color.

- **Substitute Color:** Select the following color modes for a substitute color:
 - CMYK (0-100%)
 - RGB (Device Code 0-255)
 - RGB (0-100%)
- **Tolerance:** Select the following tolerance ranges for a substitute color:
 - Small (indicated in lowercase)
 - Large (indicated in uppercase)

To avoid entry errors, the Add Substitute Color and Edit Substitute Color dialog boxes display the values in the following predefined formats. The dialog boxes also display uppercase or lowercase characters and a "%" symbol, depending on the selections.

- CMYK (0-100%) mode
 - Small: <"0"%c, "0"%m, "0"%y, "0"%k>
 - Large: <"0"%C, "0"%M, "0"%Y, "0"%K>
- RGB (Device Code 0-255) mode
 - Small: <"0"r, "0"g, "0"b>
 - Large: <"0"R, "0"G, "0"B>
- RGB (0-100%) mode
 - Small: <"0"%r, "0"%g, "0"%b>
 - Large: <"0"%R, "0"%G, "0"%B>

Principles for Substitute Colors

In setting the values for Substitute Colors, keep in mind the following principles.

Tolerance range

The accuracy of the substitute color is affected by various elements, such as applications, operating systems, printer drivers, and distilling processes. To accommodate the "errors" that occur because of the rounding rules between the numbers entered by users and the numbers received by the Integrated Fiery Color Server, the options of the small and large tolerance ranges are provided for color substitution.

The following table provides Small and Large substitution tolerance ranges for each color mode.

Color mode	Small tolerance range	Large tolerance range
CMYK (0-100%)	+/- 0.25%	+/- 0.5%
RGB (Device Code 0-255)	+/- 0.25	+/- 1
RGB (0-100%)	+/- 0.25%	+/- 0.5%

Note: Values for tolerance ranges are approximate.

• CMYK (0-100%)

- Small: A substitute color replaces any color that falls within the nearest +/- 0.25% of the color value entered.
- Large: A substitute color replaces any color that falls within the nearest +/- 0.5% of the color value entered.

• RGB (Device Code 0-255)

- Small: A substitute color replaces any color that falls within the nearest +/- 0.25 of the color value entered.
- Large: A substitute color replaces any color that falls within the nearest +/- 1 of the color value entered.

• RGB (0-100%)

- Small: A substitute color replaces any color that falls within the nearest +/-0.25% of the color value after scaling.
- Large: A substitute color replaces any color that falls within the nearest +/-0.5% of the color value after scaling.

Color substitution

A color substitution takes place when a substitute color is defined with a different set of CMYK values for the same value-name as the original color.

The following color examples show how a substitution works.

- Original color: <100, 0, 0, 0> for the CMYK values (cyan)
- **Substitute 1:** <0, 100, 100, 0> (red)
- **Substitute 2:** <100, 0, 100, 0> (green)

NOTE: In the examples, the extreme values and terms "red" and "green" are used for illustrative purposes only. In practice, color substitution is not used for extreme color shifts.

The following table shows color substitution with different sets of CMYK values assigned to the same original color.

	Substitution value-name	CMYK values	Before substitution	After substitution
Original color	_	<100, 0, 0, 0>	_	_
Substitute 1	<100.0c, 0.0m, 0.0y, 0.0k>	<0, 100, 100, 0>	cyan	red
Substitute 2	<100.0c, 0.0m, 0.0y, 0.0k>	<100, 0, 100, 0>	cyan	green

Priority scheme

If two substitute colors are defined with the same value-names, but with different sets of CMYK values and different tolerance ranges, Spot-On resolves the priority of substitution according to the order of color in the group.

Spot-On process color substitution is based on the order of color in the group. The color entries at the top of the list have priority over the colors at the bottom of the list. Spot-On scans the list from top to bottom and processes substitution in linear order. When a color is remapped, it is not overridden by any subsequent substitution call.

The following color examples show how the priority scheme works.

- Original color: <100, 0, 0, 0> for the CMYK values (cyan)
- **Substitute 3:** <0, 100, 100, 0> (red) with a small tolerance
- **Substitute 4:** <100, 0, 100, 0> (green) with a large tolerance

NOTE: In the examples, the extreme values and terms "red" and "green" are used for illustrative purposes only.

Order of the colors

• **Case 1:** Substitute 3 (red) is higher than Substitute 4 (green) in the list.

• Case 2: Substitute 4 (green) is higher than Substitute 3 (red) in the list.

The following table shows the scheme of priority when the same value-names are assigned to the original color with different sets of CMYK values and different tolerance ranges.

	Color order	Substitution value-name	CMYK values	Before substitution	After substitution
Original color			<100, 0, 0, 0>		
Case 1	Substitute 3 Substitute 4	<100.0c, 0.0m, 0.0y, 0.0k> <100.0C, 0.0M, 0.0Y, 0.0K>	<0, 100, 100, 0> <100, 0, 100, 0>	cyan	red (see the following)
Case 2	Substitute 4 Substitute 3	<100.0C, 0.0M, 0.0Y, 0.0K> <100.0c, 0.0m, 0.0y, 0.0k>	<100, 0, 100, 0> <0, 100, 100, 0>	cyan	green (see the following)

Substitute 3 and Substitute 4 have the same value-names, but depending on their order in the list, Spot-On produces different results.

- In Case 1, Substitute 3, red, is given higher priority because it is higher in the list. All occurrences of the original color, cyan, within the Small tolerance range are substituted with red. Occurrences of cyan within the Large tolerance range but not within the Small tolerance range are substituted with Substitute 4, green.
- In Case 2, Substitute 4, green, is given higher priority because it is higher in the list. Substitute 3, red, can only substitute for occurrences of the original color, cyan, within the Small tolerance range, and those occurrences have already been substituted with green. Therefore, no substitution with red takes place.

Uploading and downloading a substitute color group

Like named color groups, you can upload or download a substitute color group as an ICC profile. The substitute color definitions are saved with private tags as part of an ICC profile, allowing you to export the Substitution Group definitions between multiple print servers.

COLORWISE PRINT OPTIONS

The ColorWise color management system provides print options that affect the output of objects in various color spaces. By specifying the appropriate settings for each print option, you can obtain the expected results for your jobs.

About this chapter

This chapter provides an overview of the ColorWise management system, which controls color on the Integrated Fiery Color Server (see page 86), and detailed explanations of each print option. For the location of each print option, see the following table.

ColorWise print option	See
Auto Trapping	page 88
Black Detection	page 88
Black Overprint	page 89
Black Text/Graphics	page 90
CMYK Simulation Profile	page 91
CMYK Simulation Method	page 92
Combine Separations	page 93
Composite Overprint	page 94
Output Profile	page 95
Print Gray using Black Only	page 96
Rendering Styles	page 97
RGB Separation	page 98
RGB Source Profile	page 98
Spot Color Matching	page 100
Substitute Colors	page 101
Use PDF/X Output Intent	page 101

This chapter also provides information about PostScript printer drivers and instructions for setting the ColorWise print options for Windows and Mac OS computers. For information about printer drivers, see page 102.

NOTE: Many of the color management features described in this chapter are available only with the PostScript driver, not with the PCL driver.

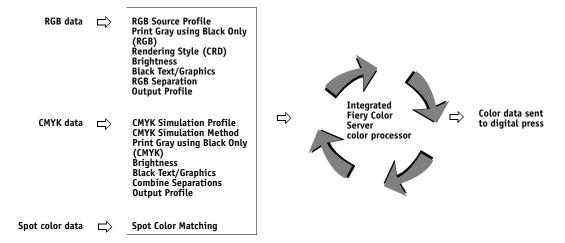
Managing color on the Integrated Fiery Color Server

To modify Integrated Fiery Color Server printing behavior, do any of the following:

- Specify ColorWise options for an individual print job using the menus that appear in the printer driver.
- Specify most ColorWise options as server defaults from Color Setup in ColorWise Pro
 Tools (see page 31). You can also set default values from Integrated Fiery Color Server
 Setup, as described in *Configuration and Setup*. The defaults apply to all subsequent print
 jobs unless you override them.
- Specify ColorWise options, particularly default ICC profile settings and calibration options, from ColorWise Pro Tools. These options include default Simulation Profile (see page 91), Simulation Method (see page 92), default Source Profile (see page 98), RGB Separation (see page 98), and associated calibration set (see page 36).

Applications allow you to generate color data for the Integrated Fiery Color Server in many different color spaces. The most common type of color data produced from office applications is RGB, while prepress applications generally produce CMYK data. Desktop applications also generate spot colors, such as PANTONE colors. To complicate matters, a single page may contain a mix of RGB, CMYK, and spot colors. The Integrated Fiery Color Server allows you to control the printing of mixed-color documents with features that apply specifically to RGB, CMYK, or spot color data.

The following diagram illustrates the print options in the Integrated Fiery Color Server color management process that affect color data conversions. You can access these print options when you send a print job to the Integrated Fiery Color Server. Most of these options and settings are described in subsequent sections of this chapter.



RGB Source Profile is the only color option that applies strictly to RGB color data. The other options that affect RGB color also affect the more rarely used Lab, XYZ, and other calibrated color spaces.

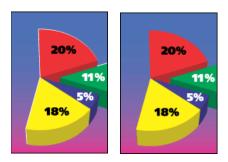
Note: With PostScript 3, a PostScript job can include calibrated CMYK (or CIEBasedDEFG) data. The Rendering Style print option, which normally affects only RGB data, affects calibrated CMYK data as well. The RGB Source Profile setting does not affect calibrated CMYK data.

ColorWise print options

The following sections provide detailed explanations of the ColorWise print options and how these options affect print jobs.

Auto Trapping

Trapping is a technique where the size of objects is modified so that colors printed next to each other overlap slightly, to prevent white spaces between two colors. These white spaces, or "halos," can be caused by factors such as misregistration, the physical properties of the toners, and the stiffness of the media. This illustration shows the same image with and without trapping.



If you enable the Auto Trapping option, trapping is applied to all the objects in a job.

Black Detection

The Black Detection option allows you to specify whether or not to detect black-and-white pages before printing your job. To use this option, set Color Mode to Standard Color or Expert Color.

- Off: Select Off if your job consists of black-only text pages combined with a significant number of color pages.
- **On:** Select On if you are printing a predominantly black-and-white job. Black-and-white only pages will print with the proper billing information.

Black Overprint

The Black Overprint option allows you to specify whether or not black text or black text and graphics, defined as RGB=0, 0, 0, or as CMYK=0%, 0%, 0%, 100%, overprints colored backgrounds.

- Text: Black text overprints colored backgrounds, eliminating white gaps and reducing the
 halo effect or misregistration of colors. You can choose this setting only if the Black Text/
 Graphics option is set to Pure Black On.
- **Text & Graphics:** Black text and graphics overprint colored backgrounds, eliminating white gaps and reducing halo effects or misregistration of colors. You can choose this setting only if the Black Text/Graphics option is set to Pure Black On.
- **Off:** Black text or text/graphics knocks out colored backgrounds.

NOTE: Before sending the print job to the digital press, PostScript applications may perform their own black overprint conversions.

One example of how you might use this setting is a page that contains black text on a light blue background. The background blue is CMYK=40%, 30%, 0%, 0%. The black text is CMYK=0%, 0%, 0%, 100%.

- With Black Overprint set to Text or Text & Graphics, the final text or text/graphic portions of the page are overprinted, or combined with the underlying color. Black colors generated by applications (for example, RGB=0, 0, 0 or CMYK=0%, 0%, 0%, 100%) are printed using the black toner. This means that black text and line art does not exhibit halftone artifacts (as long as the digital press is calibrated correctly). No transition in cyan and magenta toners occurs. The quality of the output is improved, because it does not show artifacts near the edges of the text defined in the RGB color space (RGB=0, 0, 0).
- With Black Overprint Off, the border of the text or text/graphics is on an edge that has
 cyan and magenta toners on one side (outside the text) and black toner on the other side
 (inside the text). This transition may cause visible artifacts due to the practical limitations
 of the digital press.

NOTE: Setting Black Overprint to Text/Graphics allows black text or graphics to overprint color backgrounds (see "CMYK Simulation Method" on page 92).

NOTE: The reproduction of CMYK components is affected by the CMYK Simulation setting and calibration curve when CMYK is not 0%, 0%, 0%, 0%.

Black Text/Graphics

The Black Text/Graphics option affects black text and vector graphics. Under most circumstances, set this option to Pure Black On. When Black Text/Graphics is set to Pure Black On, black colors generated by applications (for example, RGB=0, 0, 0 or CMYK=0%, 0%, 0%, 100%) are printed using black toner only. The black text and line art do not exhibit halftone artifacts (as long as the digital press is calibrated correctly) and are not misregistered, since one toner is used. In addition, this setting eliminates blasting. This option must be set to Pure Black On if you want to set the Black Overprint option to Text or Text/Graphics.

For some jobs, it is preferable to set this option to Normal, for example, if the page includes **gradient** fills that use black. The following table describes the behavior of the Black Text/ Graphics option with black data defined in different color spaces.

NOTE: Use the Black Text/Graphics option only when printing composites, not when printing separations.

Color Black Text/Graphics = Normal		Black Text/Graphics = Pure Black On or Rich Black On	
RGB=0,0,0 (all other RGB values are unaffected by the Black Text/ Graphics setting)	RGB=0,0,0 is printed according to the definition for RGB=0,0,0 in the output profile. This may be a rich black using all toners if the output profile specifies a rich black, or may be K-only if the output profile specifies K-only for RGB=0,0,0. The output is affected by the calibration curve.	RGB=0,0,0 is printed as K-only, using the black toner (Pure Black On) or 100% K plus 50% Cyan (Rich Black On) using black and cyan toners. All other RGB values are unaffected by the Black Text/Graphics setting.	
CMYK=0%,0%,0%,100% (all other CMYK values are unaffected by the Black Text/ Graphics setting)	CMYK=0%,0%,0%,100% may be printed as K-only or as a rich black using all toners, depending on the CMYK Simulation Profile setting. If CMYK Simulation Profile is set to a specific profile, CMYK=0%,0%,0%,100% prints as K-only and the amount of black toner is limited by the simulation profile and the calibration curve. Setting CMYK Simulation to ColorWise Off disables the simulation profile and the calibration curve. In this case, the black toner is not limited by the calibration curve.	CMYK=0%,0%,0%,100% is printed as K-only, using the black toner (Pure Black On) or 100% K plus 50% Cyan (Rich Black On) using black and cyan toners, regardless of the CMYK Simulation Profile and CMYK Simulation Method settings. All other CMYK values are unaffected by the Black Text/Graphics setting. Setting CMYK Simulation to ColorWise Off disables the simulation profile and the calibration curve. In this case, the black toner is not limited by the calibration curve.	
Spot Colors (unaffected by the Black Text/ Graphics setting)	Standard spot color processing	Standard spot color processing	

Note: PostScript applications, such as QuarkXPress, may convert elements defined as RGB=0, 0, 0 to four-color CMYK black before sending the job to the Integrated Fiery Color Server. These elements are not affected by the Black Text/Graphics option. For more information, see *Fiery Color Reference*. Also, black text and line art defined as RGB=0, 0, 0 in

office applications, such as Microsoft Word, are converted to single-color black (CMYK=0%, 0%, 0%, 100%) by the Microsoft PostScript 3 printer driver for Windows 2000/XP/Server 2003. To print this single-color black at the maximum toner density of the digital press, set Black Text/Graphics to Pure Black On.

CMYK Simulation Profile

The CMYK Simulation Profile print option allows you to print press proofs or simulations. This setting specifies the offset press standard or other color printing device that you want to simulate. This option affects CMYK data only.

NOTE: If a document contains an embedded CMYK profile, the embedded profile is applied to CMYK data and the CMYK Simulation Profile option is ignored.

With Windows printer drivers, you can also view an unlimited number of custom Full simulations created using ColorWise Pro Tools. On Mac OS computers, you can view up to 10 Full custom simulations. The number of custom simulations is limited by the available disk space on the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

If you are printing with the PostScript driver and have Two-Way Communication enabled, the name of each downloaded or custom profile appears in the CMYK Simulation Profile menu. If Two-Way Communication is not enabled, downloaded or custom profiles appear as Simulation-1 through Simulation-10. For more information about Two-Way Communication, see *Printing from Windows* or *Printing from Mac OS*.

The None setting sends your original CMYK data to the digital press in its calibrated state, without conversions to simulate another printer. The ColorWise Off setting sends your original CMYK data to the digital press in an uncalibrated state, without conversions to simulate another printer. This setting is not generally recommended, unless you want to bypass the ColorWise conversion and use another color management system.

The CMYK Simulation Profile setting you specify depends on the press standard for which the CMYK data was separated.

- For images that were separated using a custom separation (such as a separation produced with an ICC profile), choose the corresponding profile on the Integrated Fiery Color Server with the CMYK Simulation Profile setting.
- For images that were separated for SWOP, choose SWOP as the CMYK Simulation Profile setting.

To properly simulate a printed image that was separated using an ICC profile, the same profile must be present on the Integrated Fiery Color Server. For more information about downloading ICC profiles to the Integrated Fiery Color Server, see page 12.

CMYK Simulation Method

The CMYK Simulation Method allows you to define your preferred CMYK-to-CMYK conversion technique.

- Quick applies one-dimensional transfer curves to adjust output densities in the cyan, magenta, yellow, and black channels. This technique leads to eye-pleasing color output from your digital press because pure primary colors are not "contaminated" by other colorants. While it is the fastest simulation method and perfect for drafts, avoid using it for final documents that are used as press proofs. Other techniques offer the color simulation accuracy required by proofing applications.
- Full (Source GCR) provides a complete and accurate simulation based on colorimetric transformations. Hues are preserved, even for primary colors. The Gray Component Replacement (GCR) level that was specified in the original (source) document is also preserved for K-only text and graphics. Processed black expressed in CMY is reproduced using CMY toner. Full (Source GCR) is recommended for the highest quality press proofing applications.
- Full (Output GCR) is a complete and accurate simulation method based on colorimetric transformations. Hues are preserved, even for primary colors. With this method, the Gray Component Replacement (GCR) level that was specified in the original document is not preserved. Instead, all CMYK data is reseparated using the GCR level specified by the output profile. This simulation technique is similar to traditional ICC color matching methods and is more appropriate than Full (Source GCR) for full color printing designed for the press, but reproduced on your digital press.

NOTE: When you specify Pure Black On for Black Text/Graphics and Full (Output GCR) for CMYK Simulation Method, the black text and graphics in your document are printed with 100% black-only toner.

Combine Separations

The Combine Separations setting specifies how to print separated CMYK data. It supports: Cyan, Magenta, Yellow, Black, and one or more spot colors.

- **Off** prints each separation individually.
- **On** combines separations as a single, composite-color document, and automatically makes the settings for the following print options: Color Mode (CMYK), Black Text/Graphics (Normal), Black Overprint (Off), and Spot Color Matching (Off).

The results of combining the multiple plates are predictable and accurate, regardless of the original application used. This feature also fully supports DCS 2.0 file formats when included in a PostScript print job from a page layout application.

The following applications have been tested with Mac OS and Windows for compatibility with the Combine Separations option:

- Adobe Illustrator
- Adobe InDesign
- Adobe PageMaker
- · Adobe FreeHand
- QuarkXPress

For information about using the Combine Separations option with applications such as Photoshop, see *Fiery Color Reference*.

Composite Overprint

When overlapping objects are printed, the foreground object can either overprint or knock out the background object. With overprinting, the color of the background object shows through the foreground object where they overlap, and the resulting color is a combination of the colors of the two objects. With a knock-out, the foreground object hides the background object where they overlap.

The Composite Overprint print option allows you to print overprinted objects as specified in the source file. By default, the Composite Overprint print option is off and overlapping objects print as knockouts.

NOTE: The Composite Overprint option does not overprint the foreground object if it is an RGB object.

The Composite Overprint print option is supported for PostScript and PDF jobs produced by the following applications:

- Adobe Acrobat
- Adobe Illustrator
- Adobe InDesign
- Adobe FreeHand
- QuarkXPress
- Corel Draw

If Composite Overprint is enabled for a job that contains spot colors, Spot-On must be enabled on the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

A job with more than 32 spot colors may not print as expected.

Output Profile

Because the output profile is applied to all data in the print job, make sure the profile you select is the right one for your job. The default output profile consists of a profile for your digital press that describes its color characteristics and a calibration target that describes the expected behavior of the digital press.

Use the ColorWise Pro Tools Profile Manager to download your own output profile to the Integrated Fiery Color Server (see "Using Profile Manager" on page 25). Downloaded output profiles are at first associated with the calibration target that is tied to the default output profile. You can edit calibration target D-Max values separately.

If you are printing with the PostScript driver and have enabled Two-Way Communication, the name of each downloaded or custom profile appears in the Output Profile menu. If Two-Way Communication is not enabled, downloaded or custom profiles appear as Output-1 through Output-10 and the Use Server's Default setting appears as a selection. Select the Use Server's Default setting to use the default Output Profile set in Color Setup. For more information about Color Setup, see "Using Color Setup" on page 31. For more information about Two-Way Communication, see *Printing from Windows* or *Printing from Mac OS*.

Select the Use Media Defined Profile setting to automatically apply the output profile associated with the media type used in a print job rather than setting a specific output profile. For more information, see "Using media-defined output profiles" on page 26.

Print Gray using Black Only

When Print Gray using Black Only is enabled, any gray (any color where R=G=B or C=Y=M, or any K-only color) in a job is printed using only black toner instead of processed black.

You can choose to apply the Print Gray using Black Only option to either Text and Graphics or to Text, Graphics, and Images.

The following limitations apply:

- The Print Gray using Black Only option has no effect on a job that is pre-separated, except that if Print Gray using Black Only (CMYK) is off, each separation, which is a grayscale image, is printed in a 4-color gray.
- If CMYK Simulation Method is set to Full (Source GCR) or Quick, the Print Gray using Black Only (CMYK) setting does not affect the output.
- If RGB Separation is set to Simulation, the Print Gray using Black Only (RGB) option is disabled. Likewise, if the Print Gray using Black Only (RGB) option is enabled, you cannot set RGB Separation to Simulation.
- If Black Text/Graphics is set to Pure Black On or Rich Black On, it takes precedence over Print Gray using Black Only for 100% black text and graphics.
- If a gray is specified as a spot color, the Print Gray using Black Only option does not affect that gray.

Rendering Styles

The Rendering Style option specifies a CRD for color conversions. To control the appearance of images, such as prints from office applications or RGB photographs from Photoshop, select the appropriate rendering style. The Integrated Fiery Color Server allows you to choose from the four rendering styles currently found in industry standard ICC profiles.

Integrated Fiery Color Server rendering style	Best used for	Equivalent ICC rendering style
Photographic: Typically results in less saturated output than presentation rendering when printing out-of-gamut colors. This style preserves tonal relationships in images.	Photographs, including scans and images from stock photography CDs and digital camera images.	Image, Contrast, and Perceptual
Presentation: Creates saturated colors but does not match printed colors precisely to displayed colors. In-gamut colors, such as flesh tones, are rendered well. This style is similar to the Photographic rendering style.	Artwork and graphs in presentations. In many cases, this style can be used for mixed pages that contain presentation graphics and photographs.	Saturation, Graphics
Relative Colorimetric: Provides white-point transformation between the source and destination white points. For example, the bluish white color (gray) of a monitor is replaced by paper white. This style avoids visible borders between blank spaces and white objects.	Advanced use when color matching is important, but you prefer white colors in the document to print as paper white. This style may also be used with PostScript color management to affect CMYK data for simulation purposes.	Relative Colorimetric
Absolute Colorimetric: Provides <i>no</i> white point transformation between the source and destination white points. For example, the bluish white color (gray) is not replaced by paper white.	Situations when exact colors are needed and visible borders are not distracting. This style may also be used with PostScript color management to affect CMYK data for simulation purposes.	Absolute Colorimetric

RGB Separation

The RGB Separation option determines how RGB colors (as well as Lab and XYZ colors) are converted to CMYK. The name of this option is meant to be descriptive, because the option defines the color spaces that are used by the Integrated Fiery Color Server to "separate" the RGB data into CMYK values.

The two choices available for this option determine whether RGB data is converted into the full gamut of the digital press (output) or is first converted into the gamut of another digital printer or press standard (simulation). This feature helps make one device behave like another for RGB data. For example, if a high-quality ICC profile is available for another print device, the digital press can simulate the behavior of that device.

RGB Separation is also useful for prepress applications. For example, it allows you to experiment with the appearance of an RGB scan under different press printing conditions, without having to convert the RGB data to CMYK data for each condition. When the desired printing condition is found, convert the file to CMYK, using the same CMYK simulation profile that you used during the experimentation.

NOTE: Use the RGB Separation print option in conjunction with the Output Profile or CMYK Simulation Profile print options.

- Output converts all RGB colors into the CMYK color space of your digital press (when set to the printer's default), or a customized CMYK color space for your digital press (when set to Output 1-10).
- Simulation converts all RGB colors into the CMYK color space for a specified simulation (select the desired simulation with the CMYK Simulation Profile print option).

RGB Source Profile

The RGB source profile setting allows you to define the characteristics of the RGB data in your document so that the appropriate color conversion occurs on the Integrated Fiery Color Server. Commonly used monitor color spaces are available from the printer driver and the Integrated Fiery Color Server. For others, use ColorWise Pro Tools Profile Manager to download custom monitor or scanner profiles.

When you specify a setting other than None for the RGB Source Profile, the Integrated Fiery Color Server overrides source color space definitions or profiles that other color management systems may have specified. For example, if your document contains an embedded RGB profile, the RGB Source Profile setting overrides it. In cases where you do *not* want this setting to override another specified source color space, choose None.

When you specify a setting other than None, because the color space definitions are overridden, the output from the Integrated Fiery Color Server is consistent across platforms. The Integrated Fiery Color Server RGB Source Profile options are as follows:

- **EFIRGB** specifies an EFI-defined color space recommended for users who have no detailed information about their RGB data.
- **sRGB (PC)** specifies the definition of a Windows computer monitor profile used as the default.
- **Apple Standard** specifies the definition of a Mac OS computer monitor profile used as the default.
- Adobe RGB (1998) is an Adobe-defined color space, used in pre-press as the default working space in Photoshop 5.
- **ECI-RGB** is the European Color Initiative (ECI) recommended space for use as an RGB working color space and color data exchange format for ad agencies, publishers, reproduction and printing houses.
- Fiery RGB is an EFI-defined color space recommended for users of office applications. This
 color space is similar to EFIRGB but is larger and can provide a more desirable blue
 output.
- Sources 1-10 specify the definitions you download as RGB source profiles.

If you are printing with the PostScript driver and have enabled Two-Way Communication, the name of each downloaded profile appears in the RGB Source Profile setting menu. If Two-Way Communication is not enabled, downloaded profiles appear as Source-1 through Source-10. For more information about Two-Way Communication, see *Printing from Windows* or *Printing from Mac OS*.

• **None** instructs the Integrated Fiery Color Server to allow the RGB sources you defined elsewhere, such as in the application, to be used. When you set RGB Source to None, the appearance of colors is *not* independent of the file type. For example, RGB EPS files looks different from RGB TIFF files.

With RGB Source set to None, PostScript RGB data that contains a source color space definition is converted using the CRD specified by the Rendering Style option (see "Rendering Styles" on page 97). Non-PostScript RGB data and PostScript RGB data that does not contain a source color space definition are converted using a general undercolor removal (UCR) conversion method.

Spot Color Matching

The Spot Color Matching option provides automatic matching of spot colors with their best CMYK equivalents.

- **On:** The Integrated Fiery Color Server uses a built-in table to generate the closest CMYK matches of spot colors your digital press can produce. (New tables are generated when you add new output profiles.)
 - With Spot-On, the Integrated Fiery Color Server uses the CMYK matches determined through Spot-On (see page 61).
- **Off:** The Integrated Fiery Color Server processes the spot color as CMYK data and uses CMYK equivalents defined by the spot color manufacturer, such as PANTONE. These are the same CMYK equivalents used by applications that include spot color libraries.

Note: Spot colors that are not included in the built-in table are treated as CMYK.

For jobs that include spot colors, set Spot Color Matching to On unless you are printing press simulations. In that case, set Spot Color Matching to Off and choose the appropriate CMYK Simulation setting (see page 91).

For a PDF job that includes spot colors that are not included in the built-in table, setting Spot Color Matching to On retains the original spot colors. The Integrated Fiery Color Server references the built-in table to generate the closest CMYK matches of the original spot color.

NOTE: Use Spot Color Matching only when printing composites, not when printing separations.

Spot Color Matching and the PANTONE Coated Color Reference

The PANTONE Coated Color Reference prints differently depending on the Spot Color Matching setting (see *Fiery Color Reference*).

- **On:** The Integrated Fiery Color Server uses a built-in table or, with Spot-On, the Spot-On color dictionaries to generate the best matches for the PANTONE colors that your digital press can produce. The PANTONE number is displayed below each swatch.
 - For more information about Spot-On, see page 61.
- Off: The Integrated Fiery Color Server prints swatches using the CMYK values
 recommended by Pantone, Inc. (and used by applications that provide PANTONE color
 libraries). The CMYK values used to generate the color, as well as the PANTONE number
 of the color, are printed below each swatch. These CMYK values are printed through the
 selected CMYK Simulation and Output Profile settings.

Substitute Colors

Spot-On allows you to create a list of substitute colors. These are colors that, when called for in a document by their RGB or CMYK values, are substituted with a different color having the CMYK values from the Spot-On color dictionary. This permits exact color control and overrides individual RGB and CMYK colors.

To enable substitute colors for a job, select the Substitute Colors option.

For more information about creating and using substitute colors, see "Spot-On with Substitute Colors" on page 75.

Note: This feature is not available with the PCL driver.

Use PDF/X Output Intent

PDF/X is a subset of the PDF specification. PDF files can contain a variety of elements (text, graphics, even animations) and it is not always obvious how these elements should be displayed or printed. PDF/X was designed with focus on high quality printing. It excludes the use of PDF features that are not appropriate for graphic arts and adds features that prevent ambiguities related to printing. A PDF/X compliant document contains embedded information about the intended printing conditions for the document.

The Use PDF/X Output Intent option, when enabled for a PDF/X job, specifies that the Integrated Fiery Color Server use the PDF/X output intent embedded in the PDF/X document. Typically, whether you use this option depends on whether you are using the Integrated Fiery Color Server for proofing or for production (final) printing.

Prints for proofing are expected to look exactly like the output of the final production device, no matter the capabilities of the Integrated Fiery Color Server or the digital press. For instance, when proofing Newsprint, you want the color gamut of the digital press to be very limited compared to its capabilities. In production, you usually want to maximize the use of the digital press gamut by applying specific color features of the Integrated Fiery Color Server or the digital press. Even in production, however, you might choose to limit the color gamut in order to achieve consistency in the color produced by different devices.

The Use PDF/X Output Intent option only affects PDF/X files (conforming to the PDF/X-3 or PDF/X-1a standard). It has no effect on non-PDF files or PDF files that are not PDF/X compliant. Profiles specified by PDF/X files must be embedded in the files, not referenced from an external locations.

When Use PDF/X Output Intent is enabled and no other setting conflicts, the Integrated Fiery Color Server processes a PDF/X compliant file in a way that produces results defined by the intents and source color spaces embedded in the file. The Integrated Fiery Color Server ignores the CMYK Simulation Method and CMYK Simulation Profile options. The rendering intents in the PDF/X file are used and the printed output is limited to the color gamut specified by the output profile embedded in the file.

When Use PDF/X Output Intent is disabled, the Integrated Fiery Color Server ignores the PDF/X output intent.

You can specify the Use PDF/X Output Intent print option for a job in Job Properties in Command WorkStation but not when you print from the print driver. PDF/X files can be imported directly to the Integrated Fiery Color Server using Command WorkStation or Hot Folders, but printer drivers always convert PDF before sending a job to the Integrated Fiery Color Server. The Use PDF/X Output Intent option does not appear in the printer driver.

When you enable Use PDF/X Output Intent, you must set the RGB Source Profile option to None so that the rendering intent embedded in the PDF/X file will be used. The Use PDF/X Output Intent and RGB Source Profile options are both in the Expert Color Settings window accessed from the Color icon in Job Properties.

Printer drivers and print options

The printer driver writes a PostScript file containing the instructions generated by your application and the settings for the ColorWise print options you selected. The printer driver then sends the PostScript file to the Integrated Fiery Color Server. The Integrated Fiery Color Server performs PostScript processing and color conversions and sends raster color data to the digital press.

Setting print options for Windows

This section explains how to set color management print options with the Adobe and Microsoft PostScript printer drivers for Windows, PostScript 3 printer drivers that take full advantage of the color features of the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

Before you proceed, do the following:

- Install the printer driver and the Integrated Fiery Color Server PPD (see Printing from Windows).
- Set up the Integrated Fiery Color Server for printing (see *Printing from Windows*).

Note: The following illustrations and instructions do not apply to all applications. Many applications, such as Adobe PageMaker, Photoshop, Adobe Illustrator, QuarkXPress, and CorelDRAW, have other color management options in addition to those presented in the printer driver. For information about specific applications, see *Fiery Color Reference*.

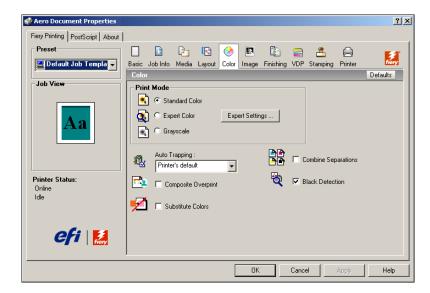
Use the following procedure to set the color options for Windows computers.

TO SET PRINT OPTIONS FOR WINDOWS COMPUTERS

- 1 Choose Print in your application.
- 2 Select Integrated Fiery Color Server as your printer and click Properties.

In the Properties dialog box, the Fiery Printing tab is displayed.

3 Click the Color icon.

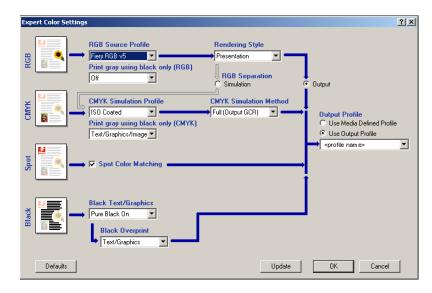


4 Specify the settings for the print options in the Color window.

For information about ColorWise print options, see page 88.

5 Click Expert Settings.

The Expert Color Settings dialog box appears.



This dialog box displays most of the ColorWise print options for the Integrated Fiery Color Server.

6 Click Update to display the current Integrated Fiery Color Server settings.

If the Update button does not appear, make sure that Two-Way Communication is set up. For information about enabling Two-Way Communication, see *Printing from Windows*.

7 Specify the settings for the main ColorWise print options.

For most users, the default settings provide adequate color control. For information about individual print options, see page 88.

- 8 Click OK to exit Expert Color Settings.
- 9 Click OK to close the Properties window, and then click OK to send your job.

Setting color management print options for Mac OS

This section explains how to set color management print options with the printer drivers for Mac OS.

Before you proceed, do the following:

- Install the Integrated Fiery Color Server PPD (see *Printing from Mac OS*).
- Set up the Integrated Fiery Color Server for printing (see *Printing from Mac OS*).

TO SET PRINT OPTIONS FOR MAC OS X COMPUTERS

1 Choose Print in your application.

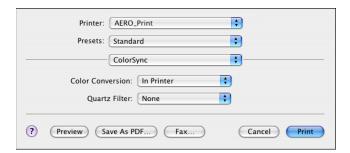
The Print dialog box appears.



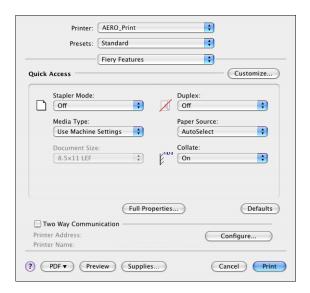
2 Choose ColorSync from the drop-down list.

The ColorSync pane appears.

3 Choose In Printer from the Color Conversion menu.





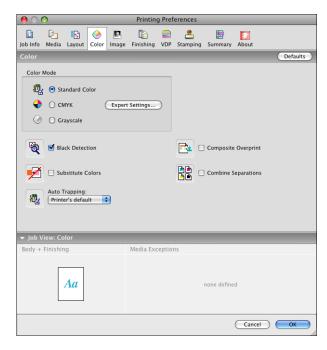


5 Select Two-Way Communication.

For information about enabling Two Way Communication, see *Printing from Mac OS*.

- 6 Click Full Properties.
- 7 Click the Color icon.

The Color pane appears.

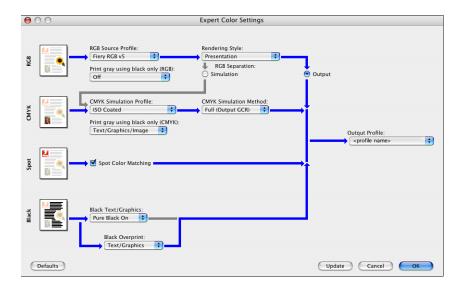


8 Specify the settings for the print options in the Color pane.

For information about ColorWise print options, see page 88.

9 Click Expert Settings.

The Expert Color Settings window appears.



10 Choose settings for the main ColorWise print options.

For information about ColorWise print options, see page 88.

11 Click OK.

The Color pane reappears.

12 Click OK.

Using Expert Color Settings to enable Device Link Profiles

When you print a job, you can enable Device Link Profiles by using the Integrated Fiery Color Server printer driver if you have Two-Way Communication enabled. When you enable a Device Link Profile, you will be able to see the Device Link Profile in use in Expert Color.

Note: If you do not have Two-Way Communication enabled, and you select an RGB Source Profile and Output Profile that corresponds to a Device Link Profile, the Device Link Profile will be activated, although you will not see the Device Link Profile in use in Expert Color.

For information about installing and assigning Device Link Profiles, see page 26.

NOTE: The procedures for enabling Device Link Profiles using Expert Color Settings for Windows and Mac OS X are similar. The following illustrations use Windows screens. Any differences are noted.

TO USE THE INTEGRATED FIERY COLOR SERVER PRINTER DRIVER TO ENABLE DEVICE LINK PROFILES

1 Enable Two-Way Communication.

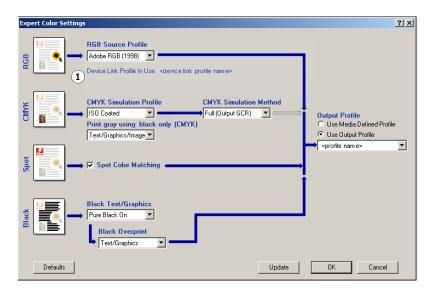
For more information about enabling Two-Way Communication, see *Printing from Windows* or *Printing from Mac OS*.

- 2 From your application, select Print.
- 3 Select Integrated Fiery Color Server as your printer and click Properties.
- 4 Click the Color icon.
- 5 Click Expert Settings.
- 6 Select the Source Profile and the Output Profile.

When you select a Source Profile and Output Profile combination that is defined in a Device Link Profile, the Device Link Profile is automatically enabled.

When the Device Link Profile is selected, the Color Process workflow updates and some options may not appear. You will see the message "Device Link Profile in use" under the RGB Source Profile or CMYK Simulation Profile.

1 Device Link Profile in use



- 7 Click OK to exit Expert Color Settings.
- 8 Click OK to close the Properties window, and then click OK to send your job.

IMPORTING DENSITY MEASUREMENTS

This chapter describes Simple ASCII File Format (SAIFF), which you can use to import density measurements from measurement devices into ColorWise Pro Tools Calibrator. To use your own measurement data from an alternate measurement instrument, rather than make measurements directly in Calibrator, record your individual readings in a text file, structured as described in this chapter. You can then import the data into Calibrator by clicking From File under Get Measurements in the Calibrator main window.

Simple ASCII Import File Format

This format describes **Status** T measurement data for import into the ColorWise Pro Tools Calibrator. The three possible file formats are:

- 1D Status T density for EFI 21 patch page
- 1D Status T density for EFI 34 patch page
- 1D Status T density for other pages (maximum of 256 patches per ink)

The file format is ASCII and has no tabs. A single space or multiple spaces are used as delimiters. Blank lines are not allowed. Each line in the file represents four patches (C, M, Y, K) of a specific ink value. Comments may be on any line in the file. Comment lines must start with a pound sign (#) followed by a space. (A line with a pound sign followed by any character other than a space has been reserved.) Comments must be on a line by themselves.

Each line of data contains five values. The first number is the sequential patch number (for EFI 21 and EFI 34 pages) or the ink value percentage (for other pages). The four values that follow are the density values of C, M, Y, and K of the corresponding patch. Lines are ordered either by increasing sequential patch numbers, or by increasing the ink percentage.

For Windows computers, the file extension must be .cm0 or cm1. For Mac OS computers, the file type must be 'TEXT'.

Measurement data in EFI 21 and EFI 34 are paper-relative. For other pages, if the first line corresponds to zero ink value, the Calibrator assumes that the measurement data is absolute and adjusts it to become paper-relative by subtracting the density values of the first line from the remaining patches.

Example of 1D Status T density for EFI 21 patch page

This file format is used to specify the Status T density measurements of the EFI 21 patch page. The value in the first column is the patch number. The first patch must be 1 and the last must be 21.

#!EFI 3
EFI ColorWise 2.0 Data
type: 1DST21
Cyan Magent Yellow Black
1 0.0300 0.0400 0.0200 0.0400
2 0.0600 0.0700 0.0800 0.0700
3 0.1000 0.1000 0.1000 0.1000
(...more data...)
20 1.6700 1.3400 0.8900 1.6700
21 1.7200 1.4300 0.9300 1.7500

Example of 1D Status T density for EFI 34 patch page

This file format is used to specify the Status T density measurements of the EFI 34 patch page. The value in the first column is the patch number. The first patch must be 1 and the last must be 34.

#!EFI 3
EFI ColorWise 2.0 Data
type: 1DST34
Cyan Magent Yellow Black
1 0.0300 0.0400 0.0200 0.0400
2 0.0600 0.0700 0.0800 0.0700
3 0.1000 0.1000 0.1000 0.1000
(...more data...)
33 1.6700 1.3400 0.8900 1.6700
34 1.7200 1.4300 0.9300 1.7500

Example of 1D Status T density for an arbitrary page

This file format is used to specify the Status T density measurements of a user-defined patch page. The value in the first column is the ink/toner percentage of the patch. The first percentage must be 0 and the last percentage must be 100. The percentages must increase in between.

#!EFI 3
EFI ColorWise 2.0 Data
type: 1DST
percnt Cyan Magent Yellow Black
0.0000 0.0300 0.0400 0.0200 0.0400
0.3922 0.0600 0.0700 0.0800 0.0700
1.1765 0.1000 0.1000 0.1000 0.1000
(...more data...)
98.0000 1.6700 1.3400 0.8900 1.6700
100.0000 1.7200 1.4300 0.9300 1.7500

INDEX 113

INDEX

A	Color Editor 20
Absolute Colorimetric rendering style 97	AutoGray 22
Apple Standard setting, RGB Source Profile	color management system (CMS) 9
option 99	color profiles 10
Auto Trapping option 88	color reference files
AutoGray 22	for Windows users 12
,	Color Reference pages 59
В	color rendering dictionary (CRD) 9, 97
Black Detection option 88	Color Setup 31
Black Overprint option 89	color space 86
Black Text/Graphics option 90	ColorWise
	key features 9
C	print options 31
calibration	workflow diagram 87
checking status 60	ColorWise Pro Tools
ColorCal 55	Calibrator 20, 36
Comparison Page 38	checking calibration status 60
curves 38, 58	Combine Separations option 93
DTP32 44	Comparison Page 38
DTP41 47	Composite Overprint option 94
ES-1000 51	composites, printing 90, 93, 100
from Control Panel 55	Configuration page 60
importing density measurements 109	connection, configuring 13, 15, 17, 19
measurement page 58	Contrast ICC rendering style 97
measurements 57	Control Panel
overview 57	calibration from 55
patches 58	CRD 9, 97
restoring defaults 39	custom simulations 91
scheduling 59	Custom21.ps 13, 17
targets 57, 58	Custom34.ps 13, 17
viewing measurements 38	
Calibration Files folder 13, 17	D
Calibrator	densitometer
Expert mode 37	DTP32 44
printing Comparison Page 38	density 58, 59
restoring defaults 39	importing 109
using 20, 36	Device Link Profiles
viewing measurements 38	about 26
CMYK Color Reference.ps 12, 16	assigning settings 29
CMYK Simulation Method option 92	enabling using Color Setup 32
CMYK Simulation Profile option 91	enabling using Expert Color Settings 107
Color Chart 59	installing 27

INDEX 114

device name 14, 19	0
DNS name 13, 17	output profile
Domain Name Server 17	Spot-On 30, 61, 62, 72, 75, 76, 79
DTP32	Output Profile option 95
calibrating with 44	output profiles 58, 59
DTP41	• •
calibrating with 47	PANTONE Book.ps 12, 16
E	PANTONE Coated Color Reference 100
EFIRGB, RGB Source Profile option 99	passwords, for calibration 36, 57
ES-1000	patches page 58
calibrating with 51	PDF/X 101
ES-1000, importing measurements with 73	Perceptual ICC rendering style 97
	Photographic rendering style 97
F	PostScript color issues 87, 89, 90, 99
Fiery utilities, configuring the connection	PowerPoint, RGB color reference file 12, 16
for 15, 19	PPD 102, 105
FieryColorBar.eps 12, 16	Presentation rendering style 97
Full (Output GCR) setting, CMYK Simulation	Print Gray using Black Only option 96
Method option 92	print options
Full (Source GCR) setting, CMYK Simulation	Mac OS 105
Method option 92	setting defaults 31
C	Windows 102
G	printer drivers
Graphics ICC rendering style 97	Mac OS 105
gray balance, correcting 22	two-way communication 91, 95, 99 Windows 102
I	Profile Manager
ICC profiles 10	downloading profiles 26
defined 9	using 25
downloading 26	profiles 10
editing 20	promes 10
gray balance, correcting 22	Q
rendering styles 97	Quick setting, CMYK Simulation Method
Image ICC rendering style 97	option 92
L	R
Lightness, Spot-On 71	Relative Colorimetric rendering style 97
M	rendering styles 9, 87
M W OS 1	Rendering Styles option 97
Mac OS color management options 105	RGB images
measurements page 58	defining source profiles for 98
monitor compensation	PostScript and non-PostScript
Spot-On 71	conversion 99
N	RGB page 01 12, 16
None setting, RGB Source Profile option 99	RGB page 02 12, 16
rone setting, read source frome option //	RGB Separation option 98
	RGB Source Profile option 87, 98
	*

INDEX 115

S	Standard34.ps 13, 17
SAIFF format 109	Status T 109
Saturation	Substitute Colors
Spot-On 71	accuracy 82
Saturation ICC rendering style 97	adding substitute colors 76, 81
separations	CMYK (0-100%) mode 81
printing 90, 93, 100	color substitution 83
target color space 98	defining 76
simulations, custom 91	Set Center Patch Color 77
Source 1-10 setting, RGB Source Profile	Spot-On Color Search 79
option 99	Spot-On main window 76
spectrophotometer	downloading substitute groups 84
DTP41 47	new 75
Spot Color Dictionaries 30, 61	new substitute group 75
Spot Color Matching option 100	principles 82
spot colors, CMYK equivalents 100	printing 79
spot colors, matching to CMYK	priority scheme 83
equivalents 30, 61	renaming substitute colors 81
Spot-On 30, 61	RGB (0-100%) mode 81
adding color 66	RGB (Device Code 0-255) mode 81
Color Spacing 71	tolerance 81
downloading color group 67	tolerance range 82
editing 69	uploading substitute groups 84
Set Center Patch Color 69	workflow 75
Spot-On Color Search 70	Substitute Colors option 101
Spot-On main window 69	SWOP 91
ES-1000 73	
factory defaults 74	Т
Lightness 71	targets, for calibration 58
main window 63	terminology 7, 34
monitor compensation 71	Test Page 60
named colors 61	transfer functions 58
output profile 62, 75, 76	Two-Way Communication 91, 95, 99
rearranging color group 65	
renaming color 66	U
RGB or CMYK values 61	undercolor removal (UCR) 99
Saturation 71	Use PDF/X Output Intent option 101
Spot Color Matching 61	W
substitute colors 61	•••
uploading color group 68	Windows Print antique 102
using measurement instruments 73	Windows, print options 102
sRGB, RGB Source Profile option 99	Word, RGB color reference file 12, 16
Standard21.ps 13, 17	